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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A dozen or more negroes are under arrest for supposed complicity in the murder of Jno. Gray Foster, a prominent farmer near Shreveport, La. ——Cuban independence is expected to be accomplished by next Christmas. ——J. D. Rockefeller and associates have secured control of the American Linseed Oil Company. ——The United States government does not intend to protest against the maintenance of a large German garrison in Shanghai. ——Five negroes will be hanged to day from the same scaffold at Sylvania, Ga., for the murder of two white men. ——Dun's reports from the cotton region make satisfactory showing for the growing crop. ——The value of farming and other land in Mecklenburg county, N. C., has been enhanced 50 per cent, since the construction of new roads. ——Wm. A. Anderson, of Rockbridge county elected president pro tem of the Virginia Constitutional Convention. ——Twenty-one men arrived in Charleston, S. C., to take places of strikers in the Southern Railway machine shops. ——Official statement is made in London that there is no foundation for reports of peace negotiations with the Boers ——Grand Lodge of Masons, Tacoma, Washington, has reconsidered resolution recognizing negro Masonry. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent; cotton dull, middling uplands 8⅞c; flour quiet and barely steady; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 79¾c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 46¼c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1 50; spirits turpentine firm at 35¼@36c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 78 degrees; 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 73 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall since first of the month to date, .04 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 4 4 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers have fallen in the eastern districts and Arkansas and Tennessee with heavy rains in Georgia and South Carolina. Rainfall at Savannah, 2.94; Eastman, 2.14; Waycross, 3.06.

STORM WARNING.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Storm southeast warning; 9.50 A. M. Savannah, Wilmington, Morehead. Washington, Norfolk section, Norfolk, Newport News, Fort Monroe- Storm central over northern Florida moving northerly. High east to southeast winds this afternoon and to-night.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—For North Carolina: Partly cloudy Friday, with rain in the mountain district. Saturday fair, with warmer in the mountain districts; fresh southeasterly winds.

Port Almanac June 14.

Sun Rises	4.41 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.17 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 36 M.
High Water at Southport.	5.37 P. M.
High Water Wilmington.	8.07 P. M.

Abbe Moreux, a French sky explorer, has discovered a spot on the sun, a little one, only 677 millions square miles in area.

An indignant citizen of Wilmington, Delaware, brought a slander suit against another citizen for charging him with "voting for a nigger." Sufficient provocation, and the sued citizen thought so, for he patched up the breach before it got into court.

An imperialistic "benevolent assimilator" says that within two years we have distributed 100,000 bibles among the Filipinos. We have also distributed a good deal of shot among them, and the bibles have not made them like the shot any better.

A French physician contends that people eat too much meat, and thus bring a lot of trouble on themselves. The way meat is going up the indications are that a good deal less of it will go down, and instead of eating too much they won't eat any.

Leroy Grove, the 16-year old son of an Ohio, farmer graduated in reading dime novels by stabbing an older sister to death, strangling his 13-year old brother, firing the barn and shooting himself to-death. The probabilities are that he also smoked cigarettes.

A North Dakota woman is proud of three sons who range in height from 6 feet to 6 feet 6 inches and range in weight from 200 to 600 pounds. The mother is imported stock from Norway. But there is plenty room for expansion in all directions in Dakota.

It is said that more diamonds and other precious stones were imported into this country last month than ever before in the same time. Another proof of the wave of prosperity that has struck us. If this thing keeps on, diamonds will become so common in the rural districts that the turkeys won't pick 'em up.

TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Visitors and Their Friends Enjoying Their Sojourn at the Seaside.

THE "PUBLIC SCHOOL DAY."

Address of the State Superintendent of Instruction—Other Interesting Talks. Night Session—Gov. Aycock. Enthusiastic Audience.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, June 13.—The visiting teachers and their friends are enjoying to the fullest extent their sojourn on Wrightsville beach. They find a peculiar delight in being within sight and sound of the restless expanse of the ocean, and are quite willing to acknowledge that the Seashore Hotel, new and attractive in every way as it is, offers a charm altogether its own to a gathering like the Teachers' Assembly.

Much interest had been centered in to-day's proceedings, which are regarded as the most important of the Assembly. The day was "Public School Day," which naturally has a widely extended interest among the teachers. There is a new interest opening in our State in the matter of public education, and the subject is eagerly considered by every one who would promote the real progress of the State.

Soon after the opening of the meeting the deferred report of the Committee on English and Literature was offered and discussed, as was also a paper from Miss Haliburton, of Asheville.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction then addressed the Assembly, according to programme, on the new School law; and his statements were very instructive. He showed that the present school law represented the most earnest discussions of our educators and law makers and is therefore, the best product of our best men. He detailed the organization of the school boards and officers, and gave an outline of their duties and powers, which are wisely extended.

He said the school law is against ignorance and protects our bright children in their high-born educational privileges, and that our constitution has been changed into a mild compulsory school attendance law. He regards the need of better public school houses as paramount, and as an end to which the best efforts of the people should be directed.

Gen. Toon closed with a plea for the new school law and an earnest co-operation in executing it fully.

Prof. R. L. Madison, of Jackson county, then spoke on "Some things County Boards of Education must do to make the public schools a success." He won his audience at once by a play of humor, which spread through his entire address. There was solid worth, however, in his utterances. He was followed by Prof. W. T. Whitsett, of Guilford county, who presented an instructive paper. He urged careful regard to the school fund, which should be made to serve its fullest possible purposes in the education of the more than 600,000 school children of the State. He spoke of the great importance of suitable officers to manage the school affairs of the people, stating that the responsibility should weigh upon the people and the officers chosen to see that no resources of money and effort are diverted to other channels.

Prof. S. F. Venable, county superintendent of Buncombe, spoke upon the subject of "Some Things a County Superintendent Must Do in Order to Make Progress and Improvement in His County." He attaches great importance to the work of the county superintendent, who has under his care the educational interests of the children of the county in the most critical period of their lives, involving far more than their temporal welfare. A county superintendent must have peculiar fitness for his work, and be able to inspire enthusiasm and energy among the teachers unde his direction. He should be an earnest student of the educational needs of the children, having equal regard to those in the most remote rural schools, as to the more favored schools of his charge. He should strive to have home influences brightened and civilization brought to a high standard through his efforts. He referred in an interesting manner to the public schools of Buncombe county, which are particularly progressive, and enjoy the largest available funds from taxation.

Prof. D. B. White of Franklin, followed with an exceedingly impressive address upon the same subject. He insists upon a due regard to duty on the part of the superintendent and the people alike, but likewise upon the fact that the county superintendent should have a suitable compensation for his work, and that he should have no hesitation in trying to secure it.

He made an impressive plea for the teaching force of the State, who have a right to expect more than an average salary of $86 a year. Improvement in school houses is needed and should not be neglected in view of the great value of the work of education. He expressed the wish that the Teachers' Assembly would earnestly endeavor to bring about the desired changes.

In conclusion he referred to our beloved War Governor, Vance, and added that the Assembly would have as a speaker in the evening one who would be famed in the history of our State as the Educational Governor. He was greeted with hearty applause.

Upon motion of Prof. Bivins, of Trinity Park High School, it was ordered that the two preceding addresses be published and distributed to the teachers throughout the State.

Prof. M. C. S. Noble then spoke on "Suggestions as to how county superintendents may render helpful service to their teachers in regard to study and professional improvement." He spoke of the thoroughness and possibilities of our school law, inviting co operation and inter-dependence. The county superintendent should be a man of professional training and of known literary attainments, in order that his example may inspire his teachers. He should keep the light of education burning in the intellects and hearts of the teachers, so that his light may lead to positions of honor and trust in State and Church and be a source of great comfort and blessing at the sunset of the teacher's life.

Evening Session.

A large number of Wilmington people went to the Beach to hear Gov. Aycock's address. He was the lion of the evening, and was greeted by an enthusiastic audience.

At the beginning of his address he paid a graceful tribute to the teachers of North Carolina, who, he said, are doing more for the development of the State than the men engaged in the industrial and commercial enterprises. Their work is worthy of the highest commendation; but there is one serious injustice they suffer; that is, they are inadequately rewarded. They need encouragement and support.

The State is now blessed with a general consensus of opinion in regard to education; fulfilling the requirement of the constitution in regard to the encouragement of education. That is a pledge of the people, which is now to be carried out. We have determined to educate every child in North Carolina.

The Governor said that one of the most significant circumstances in regard to the proper conception of educational duties is the fact that the State Superintendent of Education has received so many voluntary offers from teachers to teach in destitute places in the State in the Summer. Such is an exhibition of a noble spirit.

Education is necessary to make the wealth of a State. Knowledge is power. We need to lay the foundation of our future growth in wealth by educating our children more thoroughly. We have a great history; the Assembly has met on historic ground. Now we should show our true worth by honoring our fore fathers, by making the best of the land they won for us with so much toil, sacrifice and bloodshed. Why have we so many *first* facts in North Carolina? It is because the people were bold and true in the cause of liberty. We have developed into a good, capable people. We are the poorest State in the Union because, next to South Carolina, we are the most illiterate State. We must be guided by the example of the New England States, in which the Pilgrim Fathers planted a schoolhouse beside every church. The people there were educated to be prosperous.

We want to stimulate our pride, to enable us to go up North and tell the people there what we are.

We should have our educational enterprise thoroughly organized, like the organization of a political party in a campaign; that even the remotest place will feel the uplifting influence of a determined effort in behalf of education. We should create a sentiment in North Carolina that it is a disgrace to allow any child to stay away from school. Remember that no child who comes of age after 1908 can vote unless he can read and write. We have committed ourselves to that declaration; and now we must educate the children.

To-morrow's Session of the Assembly.

To-morrow after the usual opening exercises there will follow a discussion of a number of interesting papers, as follows: "The College Professor and Public Education," Dr. E. W. Sykes, of Wake Forest College. General discussion, led by Prof. Louis R. Wilson, of Catawba College, Newton, N. C. "The Press and Public Education," Rev. J. W. Bailey, editor of the *Biblical Recorder*. "The Pulpit and Public Education," Rev. T. N. Ivey, D. D. "Graded Schools, Their Growth and Influence on Our Educational Life," Prof. E. P. Mangum, superintendent of Wilson city schools. General discussion, led by Prof. Chas. L. Coon, superintendent of Salisbury city schools. "The City Superintendent as a Leader in Public Education," Prof. Frank H. Curtis, superintendent of Mt. Airy city schools. General discussion, led by Prof. Harry Howell, superintendent of Washington city schools.

At night Dr. F. P. Venable, president of the University, will discuss "The Mission of the Teacher." The address by Dr. Chas. D. McIver, on the programme for Saturday night, will be delivered to-morrow night, as it is necessary for him to leave Saturday morning to deliver a commencement address at the University of Tennessee.

Seashore Hotel Arrivals.

Among the late arrivals at the Seashore Hotel are: E. P. Mangum and son, Wilson; J. D. Young, Richmond, Va.; Harvey Holt, Oak Ridge, N. C.; Miss Bridgers, Tarboro; Miss Battle, Rocky Mount; M. C. S. Noble, Chapel Hill; J. K. Morrisey, Clinton; J. C. Arrington, Rocky Mount, James R. Gaskill. Tarboro; Miss Susan Clark, Thorn Clark, H. A. Chappell, Raleigh; Thomas Ruffin, Chapel Hill; C. L. Wilkinson, Greenville; W. C. Munroe, Jr., Goldsboro; Z. D. McWhorter, Bethel; W. A. Goodman, Salisbury; J. T. Jennings, Nashville; Miss Katie May Williams, Warsaw; A. C. Glasgow, Smithfield; J. W. Mayo and wife, J. N. Newman, Elon College; Miss Margaret Lane, Faro, N. C.; P. P. Claxton, Greensboro; F. P. Hobgood, Oxford; George Foote, Warrenton; Miss Sallie Jamison, Miss Eugenia Jamison, Charlotte; Thos. R. Faust, Newbern; T. F. Toon, Raleigh; Miss Sears, Norfolk, Va.; Miss Lucy Worters, LaGrange; Miss M. E. McNeill, Lumberton; Homer C. Hutchinson, Boston; J. A. Anthony, Shelby, N. C.

Transfers of Realty.

By deeds recorded yesterday at the Court House, property transfers are noted as follows: W. A. McGowan and wife to W. M. Cumming and wife for $50, lot at northwest corner of McRae and Nixon streets, lot 66x69 feet in size. W. A. McGowan and wife to same purchasers for $50, lot 33x132 feet in size, at northwest corner of Eighth and Ann streets; W. L. Harlow and wife to W. M. Cumming and wife for $135, lot on east side of Eighth between Dawson and Wright. W. J. Reaves and wife to George W. Penny for $300, lot on west side of Second, 31x165 feet in size, between Nun and Church streets.

— Eyota and Cherokee tribes of Red Men will carry a half dozen or more trembling pale faces along the hunter's trail to-night. All chiefs are requested to be present to do the scalping act.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Cherries.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—Cash all gone.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—$50 to $60.

Benefit—Organ fund Grace Church.

RALEIGH TAKES GAME

Interesting Contest at Hilton in Which the Visitors Defeated the Giants.

THE SCORE WAS TWO TO ONE

Richmond Closed the Door in the Face of Newport News and Portsmouth Was Shut-Out by Norfolk — Some General League Notes.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Wilmington, 1; Raleigh, 2.
Newport, 0; Richmond, 2.
Norfolk, 8; Portsmouth, 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

Raleigh at Wilmington.
Newport News at Richmond.
Portsmouth at Norfolk.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost	Per Cent.
Wilmington	31	21	.596
Newport News	28	22	.560
Norfolk	27	23	.540
Raleigh	26	26	.500
Portsmouth	23	28	.450
Richmond	17	32	.347

King Kelly has actually won a game.

The gentle reader may doubt the veracity of this statement and may reason with himself the moral and physical impossibility of such a condition and we are tempted to incline that way ourselves, but "it happened" just the same and the bold assertion is corroborated by the official score, else we should not hazard such a proposition upon an incredulous people.

It took place at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon. The hour was 4:30 and a gentle rain which drizzled almost during the entire performance seemed to dampen the ardor of "Our Favorites." About four hundred and fifty of the "faithful" were in the grand stand and upon the bleachers, when Umpire Mace called "play ball."

Stanley and Atz are out from the infield and King Kelly beats the air. The Giants are retired by Clayton out at first and a double of Stafford's hit to short, with "Davy" trying second.

Hennager isout in the second from short and Sorber singles. Sherman flies out to Devlin, who throws wild to first, but the runner is caught at third. Sebring singled for the Giants and on a too daring attempt on second is thrown out by LeGrande. Devlin and Warren fly out.

In the third LeGrande and Stocksdale are made monkeys of by Stewart while Venable pops out to Warren. The Giants are out in their order and the Red Birds go into the fourth for a score. Stanley is out at first and Kelly singles over short. Atz flies out to centre and with two men down Hennager gets first on Clayton's error while the "King" goes to third. Sorber scores Kelly on a single and Sherman is out at first. An unaided single by Stafford was the best the Giants could do.

A scratch hit by Stocksdale and a single by Venable told of the undoings of the "birds" in the fifth and Devlin for Wilmington throws a gift of first away by a reckless base run to second. Warren gets first on Hennager's error but Cranston and McGinnis go out to left and third.

In the sixth, the Red Birds are out in their order and the Giants come up and make their first and only score on an error, by Kelly allowing Clayton first base, a single by Crockett and a wild throw by Stanley to third. Stewart went out to second, Stafford to left and Sebring to centre.

The seventh for the Red Birds consists of a pop-out by Sherman to Clayton; a free pass for "Bill D." LeGrande, his retiring at second on a force by Stocksdale and a fly-out by Venable to Crockett. The Giants are out through Devlin to third, Warren to short and a "catch off" at first of Cranston, who had drawn four balls off Stocksdale.

The "Red Birds" win the game in the eighth, after a single by Stanley and a beautiful double from Clayton to Crockett to Stafford, clearing the bases. Atz comes up and makes a beautiful drive to extreme right for three bases and is scored on Hennager's single. The Giants are out in their order, with the exception of Clayton, who got first on Hennager's error.

A fan by Sherman and infield hits by LeGrande and Stocksdale, retire the Kellyites, and Stafford pops out to short. Sebring and Devlin make beautiful hits to the high brush in right and center but there is a Red Bird to swoop down on both of them and the game is ended.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Raleigh	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—	2	8	6
Wilmington	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	1	3	2

Batteries: Stocksdale and LeGrande; Stewart and Cranston.

THE TABULATED SCORE.

Raleigh.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Stanley, cf	4	0	1	3	0	1
Kelly, 1b	4	1	1	12	0	1
Atz, 3b	4	1	1	0	4	0
Hennegar, 2b	4	0	2	2	3	2
Sorber, lf	4	0	2	3	0	0
Sherman, rf	4	0	0	3	0	0
LeGrande, c	3	0	0	2	2	0
Stocksdale, p	4	0	1	0	2	1
Venable, ss	3	0	0	2	2	1
Total	34	2	8	27	13	6

Wilmington.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clayton, ss	4	1	0	1	2	1
Crockett, 2b	4	0	1	4	6	0
Stafford, 1b	4	0	1	11	2	0
Sebring, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Devlin, rf	4	0	0	1	0	1
Warren, 3b	3	0	0	2	2	0
Cranston, c	2	0	0	5	0	0
McGinnis, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Stewart, p	3	0	0	2	2	0
Total	31	1	3	27	14	2

Summary: Stolen base, Hennagar; Double plays, Atz to Hennagar to Kelly, Warren to Crockett to Stafford. Three base hit, Atz; Struck out by Stocksdale 2; Stewart 5; First base on balls, Stocksdale 1; Stewart 1. Time, 1:35. Umpire, Mr. Mace. Attendance, 450.

King Kelly Puts Fire on the Backs of His Turtles.

— It was good gambling to bet on Raleigh yesterday.

— "Tacks" Allen will do the box trick for the Giants to day.

— The horse editor keeps on telling you not to expect too much.

— On the whole, the work of Umpire Mace was very satisfactory.

— Solicitor Rodolph Duffy joined the army of cranks and greatly enjoyed the game.

— The boys are threatening to put some "Tacks" in King Kelly's "cushion" this afternoon.

—The Kantankerous King was a little "off his base," but he was all right on the general result.

— The Turtles couldn't stand the social whirl of "the 400;" so, they crept out of that circle.

— Under all the rules of chance and "luck," the Turtles stood to win the game yesterday—one out of four.

— Komical Krank King Kelly put a little fire on the backs of his Turtles yesterday and they crawled up a peg.

— Devlin knocked a beautiful ball to centre, but it was a high-flyer and dropped gracefully into Stanly's hands.

— Weather considered, the attendance (about 450) was very gratifying. The number of ladies present was surprisingly large.

— Kelly has signed Frank Smith, a pitcher from Grove City, Pa., and E. M. Bynum, a utility man from Live Oak, Fla. Bynum reported for duty last night; Smith will join the team on the 19th.

—The Raleigh *Post* says: "Vorhees pitched fine ball, and he also deserves credit and the more so because he continued in the game after one of his fingers on his pitching hand had been dislocated."

— There will be no excursion from Newbern this week, but the "fans" from that sympathizing burg will swell the chorus of the Wilmington rooters at some more remote day, when more time can be had for arrangement.

— Forewarned, forearmed, Giants. This is what a crankess said to the Turtles through the *News and Observer*: "Oh, boys, if you will only win three games from those Lobsters on their home grounds, we will certainly give you a rousing reception when you return. We know you are just as good players as that crowd, but there is a hoodoo some place, and while I am resting up I am going to try and locate it."

— To applaud good playing is to be expected, and is perfectly legitimate. But the horse editor begs leave to suggest that bedlamite demonstrations made with the object of demoralizing the pitcher, or other player of a visiting team, frequently have the effect of disconcerting our own men at the bat and in all probability do us more harm than good. It seems to be conceded that the Giants play better in the "enemy's country" than they play at home. Wait until a play is made before raising a tornado.

Games On Other Diamonds.

At Richmond—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Richmond	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	x	2	4	1
Newport News	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	2	3

Batteries: Bishop and Manners; High and Foster.

At Norfolk—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Portsmouth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	3	1
Norfolk	3	1	2	0	0	0	2	x	—	8	14	1

Batteries: Voltz and Westlake; Slagle and Lehman.

A STAR IMPROVEMENT.

Additional Motive Power — The Horse Editor Makes an Announcement.

An electric motor has been placed in the STAR office to run all its machinery and was given its initial trial yesterday. It does the work in a most satisfactory manner. In motive power the equipment of the STAR is now equal to that of any newspaper in the State, consisting of an electric motor, with a water motor in reserve. "Tuck" Savage has taught the horse editor how to run the new thing, and the h. e. takes occasion to announce that he is now prepared to administer electric shocks, burn out fuses, manufacture thunder-storm and chain lightning—in fact to do anything belonging to the occupation of an eighteen-carat lightning-bug.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Messrs. Emanuel Bear and W. T. Bryan were received into Elkhood by Wilmington lodge No. 532, last night.

— The week-end rates via the Seaboard Air Line went into effect last Saturday. The rate from Charlotte is $4 for the round trip.

— Immanuel Presbyterian Sunday School will have its annual excursion to Carolina Beach to-day if the weather is favorable.

— The annual picnic of Grace M. E. Sunday School at Carolina Beach yesterday was enjoyed greatly by the large number in attendance. The party was in charge of Mr. W. B. Cooper, the enterprising superintendent of the school.

— George Sloan, Jr., the little five year old son of Mr. George Sloan, sustained a painful fracture of the arm yesterday by a fall from the front steps of the family residence. At last accounts the little fellow was doing very well.

City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

ALDERMEN AND ICE.

"How'd You Like to Be the Iceman?" Is a Pertinent Inquiry Just Now.

ALDERMAN BAILEY'S CARD.

He Says the Refusal of Delivery is an Actual Fact and Attributes Ulterior Motives to President of Company—Scale Ordinance.

The Iceman and the Alderman!

These were two important personages in the gossip of the hour on the streets yesterday.

The STAR on yesterday morning told of the breach between the two and the causes which led up to the same, and it remained for a day's general discussion of the topic to bring out all the incidents relative thereto.

It appears that it is really a fact that Mr. W. E. Worth, of the firm of W. E. Worth & Co., the only ice manufacturers in the city, did give the orders to drivers of ice delivery wagons not to furnish ice to aldermen, and that these officials had to scurry about as best they could in order to get the cooling refreshment so desirable on a warm day.

Mr. E. P. Bailey, alderman from the Fourth ward, in a signed card printed in the afternoon paper, says that it is a fact that he was refused ice last Tuesday, and would have been without for the night but for the kindness of another alderman, who had been dealt less severely with because of the fact, perhaps, that the member furnished with the ice had voted upon the question of the sewerage franchise in a manner to please the manager of the ice company, who is also president of the Wilmington Sewerage Company.

He had also been refused ice, says Mr. Bailey, but was afterwards furnished regardless of expense to the dealer, as he was informed that the ice was delivered in a hand cart.

Mr. Worth, president of the ice company, admits giving the orders to his men in regard to the delivery and bases his action upon the fact that the action of the board was a serious reflection upon the honesty of himself and employes; that he had telegraphed to forty-seven of the larger cities of the United States to ascertain if any such laws were in force there and he had found that there were none.

Alderman Bailey stated yesterday that he had begun receiving his ice supply from Newbern, the first shipment of which came in on the afternoon train.

Other Aldermen besides Mr. Bailey are beginning to feel the effects of Mr. Worth's arbitrary ruling, whether justified or not, and the legal minds are beginning to consider whether or not the ice people can refuse the sale of ice. The STAR learned last night that it was not at all unlikely the question would get into the courts, and if so, the case will be an interesting one. But let us wait.

HON. CHAS. B. AYCOCK.

Governor Arrived Yesterday and Went Down to the Beach in Afternoon.

Governor Aycock arrived in the city yesterday morning from Goldsboro instead of in the afternoon from Newbern as was expected.

During the morning he was given an informal reception at the rooms of Sheriff Frank H. Stedman in the Seaboard Air Line building and a large number of his friends called to see him. At 1 o'clock he was given a luncheon at the Elks' Club by Sheriff Stedman, Col. W. A. Johnson, Mr. E. P. Bailey, Maj. W. F. Robertson, Capt. Champ McD. Davis and Judge E. K. Bryan, and at 2:30 o'clock he left for Wrightsville Beach, where he delivered the address at the Teachers' Assembly last night.

After the exercises at the beach he returned to the city and was the guest last night of George Rountree, Esq.

The Governor will leave this morning, returning to Raleigh.

WILMINGTON CAPITAL INTERESTED.

In Proposed Railway Line From Wadesboro to Winston—Ample Capital.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

An important corporation was chartered yesterday in the office of the Secretary of State. It is the Winston & Wadesboro Railroad Company, and the road is to extend from Wadesboro to Winston, a distance of ninety miles, passing through the counties of Anson, Stanley, Montgomery, Davidson and Forsyth.

The capital stock is to be $500,000, with liberty to increase to one million dollars. Of this $15,500 has been subscribed. The incorporators are well known business men of North and South Carolina, and among them are such men as Thomas Wilson, of Cades, S. C.; Wm. E. Huger, R. G. Rhett, E. H. Pringle, F. Q. O'Neill, Francis J. Pelzer, Frank E. Taylor, Samuel Lapham, Jas. S. Murdoch, A. F. C. Cramer, R. Maxwell Anderson, W. B. Wilson, R. M. Wallace, E. W. Wynne, Wm. M. Bird, Henry F. Welch, C. Wulbern and Geo. H. Moffett, of Charleston; Wm. Calder, Jno. S. Armstrong and Jas. H Chadbourn, of Wilmington; John McSween, of Timmonsville; Jno. J. Loughery, of Sumter, S. C.; P. A. Willcox and P. L. Willcox, of Florence, S. C.

These names represent men who control a great deal of capital, and it looks as if the road would be built.

— Mr. E. A. Hawes, Jr., of Atkinson, N. C., who has been at the University the past year and who is seriously afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism, got home yesterday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Col. Walker Taylor went up to Greensboro yesterday morning.

— Miss Fannie Green is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Chiswell at Southport.

— Mrs. T. M. Emerson and Mrs. E. Boatwright returned yesterday from a visit North.

— Mr. Richard Battle, of the *News and Observer*, was a visitor to the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. H. Simmons and wife, of Catharine Lake, are here to spend a few days at the beach.

— Misses Mary and Margaret Mercer, of Edgecombe county, are guests of Mrs. D. L. Russell.

— Frank Selee, manager of the Boston National League team, is trying to sign "Pop" Collier, of last year's Wilmington team.

— Mrs. R. W. Wallace, whose critical illness at Kenansville, N. C., was noted in yesterday's STAR, was better yesterday morning.

— Mr. J. W. Young, district manager for R. G. Dun & Co., having spent several days in the city, returned to Richmond, Va., last night.

— Mr. George Foote, who is reporting the Teachers' Assembly for the *News and Observer*, was a pleasant visitor to the STAR office yesterday.

—Mr. R. P. Shepard, private secretary to Mr. Hugh MacRae, left yesterday for Linville, N. C., where Mr. MacRae and family are spending the Summer.

— Mr. James W. Barnes, Jr., Wilmington's hustling produce solicitor, got home Tuesday from a three months' trip through Florida, and left yesterday for Newbern.

— Misses Mary Pierce, of Warsaw, Sallie Taylor, of Atlanta; Miss Hill, of Faison, and Miss Eleanor Watson, of Salisbury, are guests of Mrs. T. F. Simmons on Front street.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice June 13th, 1901.

WOMEN'S LIST.

John Adams, C A Bellary, Ellen Bell, Fannie Brown, Mary Barnds, Lener Betkea, Josephine Carol, Anner Dardy, Jennie Deberry, Ida Green, Darrah Eritter, Lena Epstein, Emma Grant-flowers, Rosa Gaddins, Annie Henderson, Della Hales, M A Holland, Mary Jones, Lucy Lovett, Rosa Lane, I H McLeod, Christian Moore, Bula Mason, T A Richardson, Anna Walters, Ellen Williams, Frances White.

MEN'S LIST.

Arthur Bowden, G W Baker, Z R Brown, O T Brown, Robert Burnett, A B Cooper, Eugene Dudley, Vines Davis, Purdie Faulk, Robt Glisson, A Gilbert, W F Hart, Domeny Jones, Wm J Johnson, S H Magee, Scipio Mack, R B Robinson, J B Tillinghast, J P Tomas, Boyd Wilson, A F Walton, E N Williams, J B Worstein.

FOREIGN.

J Loeb.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Alex Kerman.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

Yesterday's Visitors.

Among those who arrived in the city yesterday to attend the Assembly and on other business were: Jno. H. Land, Chadbourn; Nathan O'Berry, Goldsboro; J. L. Burrus, Newbern; Archibald Johnson, Thomasville; Miss Mary Johnson, Riverton; Miss Mattie Johnson, Rockingham; L. H. Allred, Youngsville; W. F. Buchanan, Jr., Charlotte; Ernest A. Holt, Greensboro; A. C. Holloway, Lillington; R. Y. McPherson, Raleigh; Robert B. Scarborough and W. L. Mishoe, Conway, S. C.; Miss Islay Thompson, Raynham; J. W. Pharr, Charlotte; E. L. Travis, Halifax; J. R. Whitehead, Rocky Mount.

K. of P. Election

Germania Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, last night elected officers for the ensuing term as follows:

C. C.—G. F. Seiter.
V. C.—H. T. Duls.
M. of W.—Joe Sternberger.
M. at A.—H. Girchen.
I. G.—S. Behrends.
O. G.—J. F. Soll.

The Week End Dance.

The first week end dance of the season at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, will be given Saturday night and as so many visitors will be here for the closing days of the Teachers' Assembly a large crowd is expected and an enjoyable event assured. The music will be by Hollowbush's orchestra and there will be a late train to the city.

Mr. Haywood to Start a Bank.

Mr. Fabius J. Haywood, Jr., who for some time prior to the consolidation, was assistant cashier of the Atlantic National Bank of this city, has gone to Charlotte to organize a savings institution. Charlotte has no savings bank at present and the location is an ideal one for Mr. Haywood and his enterprise.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Is here now and When they want something Good to Eat let them call at

Warren's Cafe,

While in the city, for Lunches of all kinds.

Opposite Masonic Temple, 22 North Front Street.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT.

Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach 7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.
Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington 9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.
Leave Wilmington for Southport 7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.
Leave Southport for Wilmington 9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.

	Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach	Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington.	Leave Wilmington for Southport	Leave Southport for Wilmington.
MONDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
TUESDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
WEDNESDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
THURSDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
FRIDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
SATURDAY	7.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	7.15 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	9.15 A. M., 5.15 P. M.
SUNDAY	8.00, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	10.00 A. M., 12.45, 5.15, 7.30 P. M.	8.00 A. M., 12.45 P. M.	10.00 A. M., 5.15 P. M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 Boats 15 cents to Pier and return.

J. W. HARPER.

je 11 tf

Quality Doubles Cost.

Everything is measured by a standard, whether it is something to wear or smoke. You who want a

Pure Article

Must seek it. Its costly to make HIGH GRADE CIGARS; the profit is small, and dealers won't keep Cigars where the profit is not large; unless you seek a good Cigar you won't get it. The cost of making is doubled. A brand with reputation is not made cheaply. The best judges of fine Cigars pronounce

Cuban Blossom and "Cremo"

Delicate in flavor and rich in Havana aroma, but harmless and does no injury to nerves or heart. When you smoke Cremo Cigars you know they are beneficial and no extra cost to you. Simply the trouble to insist on the

Cuban Blossom and Cremo Brands, 5c Cigars.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Sole Distributors.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 14.

THE OPEN DOOR.

There is a good deal of talk these days about the "open door" in China. It has become one of the hobbies of the McKinley administration, which has been manipulating to secure the "open door." Mr. McKinley declared in the speeches he made in his recent tour to the Pacific, and reiterated it in some form in nearly every speech he made, that what this country needs and must have is more markets for our surplus products, natural and manufactured. The "open door" is all right. The doors of all nations should stand open to the products of the world to facilitate the free interchange of the products of one country for the products of another. That's what makes commerce, keeps ships on the seas and brings the nations of the earth closer together. But the nation which asks for the open door should not shut its doors and expect the open door in the nation against which it shuts its doors.

More markets for our surplus products is all right. We ought to have markets in every country, but are we really suffering from the lack of the open door in China or for want of more markets? The expansion of American commerce in recent years does not give evidence of this. Our cotton trade in China has fallen off, but that has been in consequence of the war in that country, not for want of the open door. There isn't a country in the world where we do not sell more or less of our products, but in our reaching out for open doors and more markets we have overlooked and failed to exploit some of the territory in our natural domain where we ought to find one of our best markets. Compared with what it should be all the Latin American territory south of us is to all intents and purposes a *terra incognita*. As an illustration, our consul at Manchester, England, in one of his reports to the State Department, speaking of the English cotton trade in those countries, says English exporters sold there last year 1,784,547,400 yards of cotton goods to 189,427,195 yards sold by this country, a difference of 1,585,732,641 yards in favor of the British exporters. Their price was 4½ cents a yard while the American price was 5 cents.

All other things being equal the difference of half a cent a yard would be enough to account for the British lead, but all other things are not equal. The British and other European nations have been exploiting those markets while we were doing nothing to build up our trade. While we were looking across the Atlantic and Pacific to build up trade where we have the greatest competition, European nations were looking to this side and getting a secure foothold in the countries along side of us, which we ought to hold as our own.

To hear the amount of talk about the present and prospective cotton trade of China, one would think the prosperity of our cotton industry depended upon the amount of goods we sell to China, but the fact that England finds a market in the countries south of us for 1,784,547,400 yards of goods, while we find a market for 189,427,195 yards, and Germany, France, Italy and little Switzerland each sells more than we do, shows what a market there is in this neighboring field, which has been so much neglected by us. We ship a good deal of railroad iron, engines, cars and a good deal of other kinds of machinery to those countries because our manufacturers undersell their European competitors, but when it come to cotton goods the Englishman and other Europeans leave us away behind for the very good reason, or one of the very good reasons, that the Englishman undersells us half a cent a yard, which is a big thing in the cotton trade.

The remarkable thing about this is that most of these goods that are shipped across the Atlantic and sold half a cent a yard lower than American goods, are made out of cotton bought in this country and therefore shipped across the ocean twice. We boast of our ability to compete with European manufacturers, and if we can compete with them in China, we certainly ought to be able to do it in South and Central America, and do it easier than we can in China.

But we haven't worked the field half as hard as we have China, where we will, eventually have to compete with Russia and Japan, both of which are closer and which we will, in all probability, be compelled to abandon because there will not be enough profit in it to keep up the competitive contest. We have relatively the same advantages in these countries South of us that Russia and Japan have in China, for we can easily reach them by water and with the railroad systems that will in the near future link these countries together we can reach every one of them by rail. There is a mighty empire there capable of supporting a population larger than all of China now and we have the "open door" to that and nothing to prevent us from entering and taking possession if we show half the interest in that that we do in working up trade in the Orient. If the English and other European competitors have the lead of us and leave us away in the rear it will be our own fault. We can't expect to sell cotton goods and ship them in British or other foreign ships when the Englishman sells them for half a cent a yard less, ships in his own vessels, and takes pay for a good deal of them in the products of the country he ships to.

THE STRIKE PROBLEM.

The Machinists' strike is assuming a threatening and serious phase in some localities. In some there has already been violence, in others threatened violence, and in others numbers of men have been thrown temporarily out of employment as a result of the strike. Unfortunately there are few strikes in which there is not more or less violence, although efforts may be made by the directors of the strikes to prevent this. It is very difficult to curb the headstrong elements, more or less of which are always found in large bodies of men, who have or believe they have a grievance, who become impatient at delay in accomplishing what they desire, and think they can hasten it by resorting to rough and disorderly methods, which in eight cases out of ten have the effect opposite from that aimed at. Sometimes, too, the employers of labor lose their heads, call in armed force, and provoke and precipitate conflict, when there were no indications of conflict.

The public is too much interested to take the chances and leave the outcome of these clashes between employer and employed, where large bodies of men are involved, to the parties directly represented in the strike. Left to them, the employers, especially if they are wealthy, will hold out as long as they can, and they can generally hold out longer than the strikers, whose reserve funds are limited; and the strikers will hold out until necessity compels them to succumb. In the meantime thousands of people not directly connected with either suffer.

A case in point is that at Newport News, where in the ship yards and railroad shops about 7,000 men are employed. Compared with these the number of machinists is small, but the strike of the machinists has already laid off several hundred men, with the indications that a protracted continuation will eventually lay off the entire number. This involves not only those who are dependent for subsistence for themselves and families on their daily labor, but it involves merchants, butchers, bakers, house renters and many others who do business with these workmen. These are now endeavoring to bring about arbitration between the strikers and their employers in the town.

But arbitration should not be left as a last resort to the people of the towns. It ought to be the first resort, established by law in every State, with the compulsory power behind it to enforce its decisions, That would be better, far better, than these strikes which generally engender bad blood and often necessitate armed force to prevent violence, force which costs a good deal of money, leaving out of consideration the money the strikes cost the communities in which they occur.

ACCEPTED WITHOUT DISCUSSION.

The Cuban convention has complied with the mandate from Washington and accepted the Platt amendment without qualification, by a majority of five instead of one by which the amendment was first adopted, and, what is somewhat remarkable, without discussion. This is indicative, perhaps, of the immense disgust that enveloped the convention, which evidently didn't see any use in wasting time discussing a proposition which must be taken just so or not at all.

Under the circumstances the convention did the reasonable thing in putting an end to this episode by swallowing the dose just as it was presented, although it may have been a nauseating dose to most of them. As far as Cuba is concerned it doesn't make any material difference whether the amendement was accepted in qualified or unqualified form for an administration which would ignore the positive pledge given in the Teller resolution and then ignore the explanations of the Platt amendment made by Secretary Root and Senator Platt, its author, wouldn't scruple to ignore any clause of that amendment which it might be to its interests to ignore after adoption.

The probabilities are, however, that there is enough in that Platt amendment to give this Government all the grip it wants, for the present at least, on Cuba. As the matter stands now with this unqualified adoption there appears nothing left for the Washington administration to do but to accept the constitution, and prepare to get out of the island—unless some genius can pick a flaw in the constitution, which would require some more doctoring.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Weak Spot.

If you are sitting in a restaurant where waitresses are in attendance, you will note now and again some young woman put her hand to her back, and straighten herself up, while her lips are tightened as if by pain. It's backache. Yet all day long she must be on her feet, lifting, carrying, hurrying.

That weak spot, the back, can be made strong by the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures the womanly diseases which cause headache, backache, sidedache, nervousness and sleeplessness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, and is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"I wrote you for advice February 4th, 1896," writes Mrs. Lonia Halstead, of Claremore, Cherokee Nat., Ind. Ty. "I was racking with pain from the back of my head down to my heels. Had hemorrhage for weeks at a time, and was unable to sit up for ten minutes at a time. You answered my letter, advised me to use your valuable medicines, viz., Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' also gave advice about injections, baths and diet. To my surprise, in four months from the time I began your treatment I was a well woman, and have not had the backache since, and now I put in sixteen hours a day at hard work."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Forty thousand names have been added to the pension rolls within the past eleven months. It is now an average lifetime since the ending of the civil war so far as the fighting was involved; but the taxpayer is not alive who will see an end of the paying.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Senator Hanna approved President McKinley's determination not to stand for a third term. This reminds us that the Ohio Senator has a presidential boom of his own in the political incubator. When the Hanna and Foraker booms collide there will be a cyclone in Ohio.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Texas state geologists have announced that the much talked of oil pool in the gulf off the Texas coast is not caused by petroleum, but sea ooze that is stirred up from the bottom of the gulf during stormy weather. We are glad this thing is now settled. Oil pools on land, however, will continue to do business as usual.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— A reporter has caught up some remarks made by Uncle Charley Grosvenor as he sat around and swapped stories in a hotel lobby, in which Uncle Charlie is represented as saying that the time has come to break the third term precedent. It is pretty safe to add, however, that if the Ohio Congressman lives long enough he will see a written law against more than one term before he sees the abolition of the unwritten law against three terms.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

WINKLINGS

— One sided: She—"So this is the end of our engagement?" He—"It may be for you, but it will take me a year yet to pay the bills."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "I am Elijah," says "Dr." Dowie. One difference that suggests itself is that, whereas Elijah was fed by ravens, Dowie is fed by gulls.—*New York Herald.*

— She—"Why, no. The stolen Gainsborough was not a hat—it was a picture." Her Husband—"Oh! I thought from the value it was a hat."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— First Shirtwaist Man—"There goes Mr. Schermerhorn in a new shirtwaist." Second Shirtwaist Man—"That is no new shirtwaist. That's one of his last Summer's shirtwaists—see how large the sleeves are!"

— Bobby (aged six)—Harry, don't you hear your mother hollering after you?" Harry (aged five)—"That's nothing. A woman's bound to have the last word, you know."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Mrs. Browne—The Rev. Dr. Waterall didn't officiate at your church last Sunday as usual. Mrs. Malaprop—No, he was out at some college preaching a bacchanalian sermon.—*Philadelphia Press*

— He—"Darling, will you place yourself forever in my keeping?" She—"No, but if you really mean business I'll come downstairs and let you in when you can't find the keyhole."—*Chicago Record Herald*

— First Burglar—You was mighty lucky to get cleared. But that there lawyer charged you about all you stole didn't he? Second Burglar—That dont matter. I'll watch my chance w'en he goes home to-night and get it back.

— De. Kanter—"I tell you my wife was mad when she let me in last night." Lushman—"I suppose you promised to come in earlier hereafter." De. Kanter—"No; she made me promise I'd stay out an hour or so later so the servant girl could take me in with the milk."—*Philadelphia Press*

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, O., prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors, but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvellous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. Only 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PEACE INSTITUTE.

RALEIGH, N. C.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

Peace Institute is situated in an eight acre grove, just beyond the limits of Raleigh. It is an ideal place for its purposes. Within a hundred yards of the electric cars, it has the retirement of the country and the advantages of the city. Its spacious grounds afford that out door exercise which must be neglected or enjoyed at the expense of good discipline by schools pent up in the city.

The school is fortunate in its location, because it is at the capital of the State, a city notable for its refinement. The students have access here to fine libraries, museums, plays, concerts, lectures, etc.

The city is accessible from all points, two of the great systems of railway entering Raleigh, and a third being nearby. It has facilities for communication with the world, and is a beautiful modern city.

The climate is all that conld be desired. This is the region rendered famous the country over by those health resorts, Pinehurst and Southern Pines. *North Carolina and Its Resources* says of it:

"The late Bishop Lyman, who lived many years in Italy, said that the climate of Raleigh is superior to that of Florence—more sunshine in it. Our winters are just long enough and severe enough to restore the snap and vigor and elasticity that may have been weakened by the summer"

THE BUILDINGS.

The buildings are of brick. They are large, well planned, well ventilated and attractive. The main structure contains nearly a hundred rooms, and is one of the largest and best school buildings in the South. The interior is fitted up with substantial furnishings and modern equipments, is lighted by gas and heated by steam, and is perfectly comfortable throughout the year, in every hall and chamber on its four floors. Home likeness has been the constant aim of the president, and all the surroundings here bear testimony to his success in achieving it.

THE SANITATION.

On this very important subject the following editorial in the The American Journal of Health, written by Robert M. Granville, M. D., deserves to be well pondered by every parent and guardian who has in charge the education of a girl.

"Those who appreciate the significance of the term, 'a sane mind in a sound body,' will find much satisfaction in studying the progress that has been made, from the hygienic point of view, in the schools and colleges of this country during the past decade. There was a time when, apparently, the sole consideration was the question of intellectual advancement, and the health features, which are now properly deemed of the utmost importance, were utterly ignored. Happily, that time has gone by, and now every intelligent person understands the impossibility of mental development under unsanitary environment, and how necessary to proper study are the hygienic protections assured by advanced educational establishments.

"Occasionally we come upon a school or college which has taken steps so far in the van of sanitary progress that we consider its merits entitle it to especial mention in the editorial columns of the American Journal of Health. Such is true of Peace Institute, at Raleigh, N. C, which deserves consideration from the hygienist on account of its sanitary condition and the provisions made for the protection of the health of its students. The class rooms of this establishment are well arranged and well ventilated. The objections so frequently heard regarding eye strain brought on by defective lighting or from an unscientific arrangement of the same, are absent. The toilet facilities are thoroughly sanitary in every respect. In fact, in every important detail, and in every essential feature, Peace Institute presents an admirable example of what a thoroughly hygienic conception and a liberal expenditure of means will accomplish. The result achieved is all that could be asked by the most advanced sanitarian. Parents and guardians who regard the question of health as being of at least as much importance as the matter of mental advancement—who, in fact, realize that upon the health depends the ability to make due progress—will find in Peace Institute an establishment which fully meets all the requirements of the most exacting.

CARE OF STUDENTS.

What argues strongly with parents acquainted with the management at Peace Institute is the care that is exercised over their daughters. Every safeguard of the most careful home is thrown around them—safeguards which are often lacking in the home, where the girl, the idol of indulgent parents, having the liberty of the streets, may form ties that would be undesirable in her school days, and that would be impossible here.

It should not be inferred from this that Peace is a prison. Nothing could be further from the truth. The girls have every liberty consistent with their highest welfare. They are frequently taken to proper places of amusement, and entertainments are brought to them in the school. Everything that could contribute to their pleasure and profit is done regardless of labor and expense. It is a work of love with its president, this training of young women, and hundreds in this and other States will attest to his unwearied toil and unswerving faithfulness to their best interests while, at one time or another in his long experience, they were under his care. Parents may feel that their daughters entrusted to him are safe while away from the home circle, and this feeling of security is of incalculable worth.

THE STANDARD.

A careful comparison of the standard at Peace with that of any other college for young women will convince any one of its superority from this view; and this fact becomes doubly significant when one considers that Peace teaches what it professes to teach. To get up a course of study rivaling that offered at Leipsic is an easy matter, but this institution indulges in no such sham. During the session just closed, it had the several classes under the different departments as published in the catalogue, and they were taught by capable, experienced instructors, themselves trained at leading institutions in America and Europe.

It should be emphasized that the courses are eclectic. It is often the case that a young woman desires to prepare herself on certain subjects. She may pursue any line here, and upon the completion of the course will receive a certificate of graduation in that branch.

THE EXPENSES.

When results are considered, the terms of this school are the most reasonable, and this is the only way to arrive at the cost of an education. There are many schools that will take a girl for less money than can be afforded here, but none that will pay better upon the investment. By employing inexperienced teachers, crowding the classes, lowering the standard, making no provision for the sick, giving poor fare, the charges might be reduced; but such reduction, in the end, will prove to be increased expenses to the patron. The large teaching force and limited numbers at Peace allow close personal contact between instructor and pupil. Instead of teaching the students as great classes, the teacher deals with them as individuals; not as strangers, but as friends, whose needs are at once discovered and supplied. The classes, moreover, come before the teachers in daily recitation. These conditions yield the greatest progress in a given time, and establish the claims here from an economical point of view. To a class that wishes the very best advantages and comforts of a refined home, and the association with friends of gentle breeding from some of the best families in the South this school appeals with confidence.

THE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

The conservatory of music is under the direction of a professor of much experience, but now fresh from the studio of the celebrated Leschetizky. The methods of Leschetizky are now used throughout the department and have been for three years. The old method of wearing the nerves and the health of the pupils by making them bang the pianos as many hours as physical strength would permit, has been abandoned. Intensified intellectual and soul practice which is never allowed to forget the essential unity of artistic tone reproduction and intellectual training, along musical lines generally, is substituted for mere noise. The power of concentration is developed and in every possible way increased sensitiveness to the art in its various phases is developed. Independent intelligence is fostered from the beginning and musical study is made to appeal to the reason rather than to the blind following of imitation. Accompanying these and other distinguishing phases of the work is a continuous and highly detailed study of technique in all its independent mechanical aspects The seperate and combined uses of all the muscles of the arm, forearm and hand are illustrated by constant precept and example. Constant attention is also given to memorizing. All compositions studied are memorized and the scientific and easy way of so doing is taught along with the composition itself.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Many farmers are predicting that the wheat yield in this section will not be over a two-third crop this year. The heads do not appear to be more than half filled out. The recent wet weather is given as the cause

— Greensboro *Record*: Another addition to the already long list of manufacturing enterprises of this city is the Greensboro Table and Mantel Company, which was organized yesterday with an authorszed capital stock of $100,000.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: Rose Morrison, colored, supposed to be the oldest person in Scotland county, died last week. No one seems to know her age exact, but it is placed all the way from 102 to 110 years. That being so, Scotland county had the distinction of having a citizen who lived in three centuries

— Rockingham *Anglo Saxton*: John Height was given a preliminary hearing before Squire Long last Thursday on a warrant sworn out by the Sheriff under instruction of Judge Moore, charging him with the death of his wife. There was an utter failure to make out any case against him. The most that could be said of the evidence introduced was that it might create a bare suspicion. His wife died suddenly and Dr. Webb, who made a post mortem examination, said that there were certain indications which might have resulted from strangulation or from a number of natural causes. And so the defendant was given his liberty.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Mr. David M McIntire, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Mount Olive, departed this life Monday. —— All trains arriving or departing here must have a flagman walking in front within three business blocks, between Ashe and Chestnut streets. This ordinance was passed by the Board of Aldermen Tuesday night and goes into effect at once. —— Twenty barrels of turnips shipped to New York a few days ago by Mr. Thomas Pigford, from near Mount Olive, brought nothing in return. Instead, he is asked by the commission merchant to remit 18 cents, balance due on freight and commission.

—Kinston *Free Press*: A warrant was served Wednesday on Mr. V. L. Turrentine, engineer of the A. C. L., charging him with murdering Elijah Whitfield, the negro run over Saturday night by the A. C. L. passenger train near Grifton. The warrant was sworn out by Alfred Whitfield, brother of the dead man. Witnesses for the prosecution, all colored, this morning swore that the dying man said that he was knocked off the engine by Capt. Turrentine with a stick of wood. Capt. Hawks and J. S. Joyner, a travelling man who was on the train the night of the accident, will testify that they were among the very first to reach the injured negro and that he made no declaration of being knocked off the engine by Capt. Turrentine. The defence will also show that it was almost impossible that the negro was run over by the engine, considering the description of his injuries. The theory is that when Capt. Turrentine went out on the platform of his engine to knock down a check valve that was leaking, with a stick of wood, the negro, who had been previously ordered off the engine by Capt. Turrentine, became frightened and jumped off; that he was not run over by the engine, but that the negro attempted to board the baggage car (the train was at this time running at a rate of only a few miles an hour) and missed his hold and fell. The way he was injured seems to bear this theory out, his right leg and left arm being run over.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Waccamaw, Zion, June 15, 16.
Whiteville, Cerro Gordo, June 17.
Market Street, June 23, 24.

R. B. JOHN.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of the brain and body. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

ATLANTA, GA., NOV. 7, 1879.

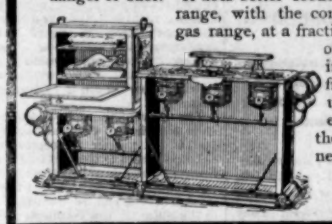
Dr. O. J. MOFFETT—Dear Sir: I cannot too strongly recommend your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) to mothers as one of the best medicines they can obtain for their debilitated and sickly infants. I have used it with very satisfactory results the past summer with my child, and while we have heretofore lost a child or two from teething under other remedies, our present child, that has taken TEETHINA, is a fine, healthy boy. I am, very respectfully,

A. P. BROWN, M. D.
(Brother of U. S. Senator and Ex-Gov. Joseph E. Brown.)

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

WICKLESS
Blue Flame
OIL STOVE

It will do any cooking that can be done on any kind of a stove. It is clean, quick, convenient, and cool for the cook. It uses the cheapest fuel—kerosene—but without wicks and without the least danger or odor. It does better cooking than a coal range, with the convenience of a gas range, at a fraction of the cost of either. Made in various sizes, from one burner up. If your dealer *does not* have them write to the nearest agency of



STANDARD OIL COMPANY

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, June 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 33 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 32½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.00 per barrel for strained and $1.05 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.50 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.10 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet at 42½@42c; rosin steady at $1.05@1.10; tar quiet at $1.40; crude turpentine quiet at $1.60 @2.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	110
Rosin	148
Tar	95
Crude turpentine	162

Receipts same day last year—138 casks spirits turpentine, 398 bbls rosin, 97 bbls tar, 144 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 7-16 cts.	₰ lb
Good ordinary	6 11-16	"
Low middling	7 7-16	"
Middling	7¼	"
Good middling	8 1-16	"

Same day last year middling nothing doing.

Receipts—35 bales; same day last year, —.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, quiet. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 62 to 65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Firm at 12 to 12½c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½ to 30c; springs, 10 to 20c.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 10 to 12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 75c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent., last loan 2¾ per cent, and the ruling rate — per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488¾ for demand and at 485¼@485¾ for 60 days. Posted rates 486½ and 489. Commercial bills 485@485¼. Silver certificates nominally 60. Bar silver 59½. Mexican dollars 47¼. State bonds strong. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 106¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 107¼; U. S. 3's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 139; do. coupon, 139; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 112½; do. coupon, 113½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 108¼; do. coupon, 108¾; Southern Railway 5's 118¼ bid. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 111; Chesapeake & Ohio 50; Manhattan L. 123¾; N. Y. Central 156½; Reading 46; do. 1st pref'd 78½; St. Paul 169¾; do. pref'd, 188; Southern R'way 34¼; do. pref'd 98; Amalgamated Copper 123¾; American Tobacco 129¾; People's Gas 115¼; Sugar 143¾; T. C. & Iron 64¾; U. S. Leather 14¼; do. pref'd, 80¾; Western Union 95¾; U. S Steel 49¼; do. preferred, 99¾; Mexican National 11; Standard Oil 750@755.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 50. Spirits turpentine firm at 35½@36.

CHARLESTON, June 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 31c. Rosin firm. Prices unchanged.

SAVANNAH, June 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33@33¼c; receipts 1,309 casks; sales 380 casks; spirits 365 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,181 barrels; sales 651 barrels; exports 1,209 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Most of the advance made in cotton futures here yesterday was lost this morning under a heavy selling movement, led by nervous longs and the foreign element. While there was some reaction later the market was disposed to be less active and was sensitive to selling orders from any quarter. On the first call, near months eased off six to nine points and far months were three points lower to one higher. There was a rally of three to four points immediately following the call, but later in the morning fresh liquidation and bear selling was brought about by a bad break in the Liverpool market. Noon found our market a trifle steadier, but very quiet and still two to seven points below yesterday. Bears were held in check by very bad weather reports and less favorable crop advices. Shorts turned for cover in the last hour under fears of a possible bullish construction by Liverpool to-morrow of the weather reports. There were few sellers in evidence and prices rallied nearly to last night's final bids. The market was finally steady, with prices net one point higher to five points lower.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 8¾c.

Cotton futures closed as follows: June 8 27, July 8 21, August 7.65, September 7.27, October 7.19, November 7.16, December 7.18, January 7.22, February 7 22, March 7.25.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 8¾c; middling gulf 8¾c; sales — bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,310 bales; stock 132,959 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 5,345 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,572 bales; exports to the Continent 704 bales; stock 394,741 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 44,650 bales; exports to Great Britain 24,430 bales; exports to France 7,557 bales; exports to the Continent 47,360 bales.

Total since September 1st. Net receipts 7,136,332 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,864,961 bales; exports to France 704,864 bales; exports to the Continent 2,397,521 bales.

June 13.—Galveston, firm at 8c, net receipts 1,937 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8 1-16c, net receipts 487 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼c, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 8¾c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¾c, net receipts 35 bales; Philadelphia steady at 8¾, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 7¾c, net receipts 381 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 8c, net receipts 2,241 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7¾c, net receipts — bales; Memphis, steady at 7¾c, net receipts 107 bales; Augusta, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 278 bales; Charleston, firm at 7¼c, net receipts 284 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Flour was quiet and barely steady. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 79½c; options had a steady opening, but immediately declined under renewed pressure on July, foreign selling and bearish crop news. In the afternoon the market rallied on export demand, Wall street buying, some unfavorable crop news from Kansas and local covering, closing firm at ⅜@½c net advance July closed 77½c; September closed 74½c; October 75½c; December 76½c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 46¼c; options were very weak early under liquidation, favorable crop news, the decline in wheat and small clearances. They finally rallied a little on export demand and closed steady at ¼c net decline. July closed 46¼c; September closed 47¾c. Oats—Spot weaker; No. 2, 32c; options weak and lower on crop news and with corn. Lard steady; Western steam $8 85; refined quiet; continent $8 95; South American $9 60; compound 6¾@6¾c. Petroleum dull. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 13c. Cheese steady; fancy large white 8½c; fancy small white 9c. Rice quiet. Butter steady; creamery 15¼@19½c; State dairy 14½@18½c. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 6c; mild quiet; Cordova 8¼@12½c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3¾c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4¼c; molasses sugar 3¼c; refined quiet. Pork steady. Potatoes quiet; New York $2 37½@2 50; Bermuda, prime, $4 00@5 00. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 10c. Cabbage quiet; Norfolk, per crate, 50c@$1 00. Cotton seed oil firm, with a moderate business. Closing prices were: Prime crude in barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 38@39c; off summer yellow 37c; prime white 40@43c; prime winter yellow 41c; prime meal $24 00@25 00. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¾@5c; other domestic 4¼@4¾c.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Wheat was checked in its downward course today by reports of crop damage by fly in Illinois and Kansas, and by large sales for export. July closed steady and ⅛c up. July corn close ⅛@¼c lower. July oats ⅛c down and provisions from unchanged to 10c lower.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Cash quotations: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 71@72c; No. 3 spring 65@67c; No. 2 red 72c. Corn—No. 2 42½c; No. 3 yellow 42¾@43½c. Oats—No. 2 27¾@28c; No. 2 white 29¼c; No. 3 white 27@28¼c. Rye—No. 2 48c. Mess pork, per barrel, quoted at $14 75@14 80. Lard, per 100 lbs, $8 47½@8 50. Short rib sides, loose, $7 79@8 15. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $6 87½@7 12½. Short clear sides, boxed $8 25@8 37½. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon $1 27

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 June 69¾, 70¼@70¾, 69¾, 70½@70¾; July 70¼@70¾, 71¼, 69¾, 71@71¼; September 69@69¾, 69¾, 68¾@68¾, 69¾@69¾c. Corn—No. 2 June 41c; July 42@42¾, 42¾, 41¾, 41¾@42c; September 43¼@43¾, 43¾, 42¾, 43¼c. Oats—No. 2 July 27½@27¾, 27¾, 26¾, 27½c; September 25¾@25¾, 25¾, 25¾, 25¾@25¼c Pork, per bbl—July $14 77½, 14 77½, 14 72½, 14 75; September $14 97½, 14 97½, 14 90, 14 92½. Lard, per 100 lbs—July $8 45, 8 50, 8 45, 8 50; September $8 55, 8 62½, 8 55, 8 60; October $8 57½, 8 62½, 8 57½, 8 62½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—July 8 05, 8 07½, 8 05, 8 07½; September $8 07½, 8 12½, 8 07½, 8 12½.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 13, 4 P. M.—Cotton: Spot fair demand, prices 1 16d lower; American middling fair 5½d; good middling 5 27-32d; middling 4 19-32d; low middling 4½d; good ordinary 4¼d; ordinary 3¾d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 9,400 bales American. Receipts 14,000 bales, including 7,100 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed easy; American middling (l. m. c.) June 4 28 64@4 29 64d value; June and July 4 27-64@4 28 64d buyer; July and August 4 27-64d seller; August and September 4 21-64d buyer; September 4 21-64d buyer; October (g. o. c.) 4 2-64@4 3-64d seller; October and November 4d buyer; November and December 3 62 64d seller; December and January 3 62-64d seller; January and February 3 62 64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.
Stmr A J Johnson, Robinson, Clear Run, J A Munn.
Schr James Slater, 266 tons, Peaterson, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.
Stmr A J Johnson, Robinson, Clear Run, J A Munn.
Clyde steamship Oneida, Chichester, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 14, 1901.

SCHOONERS

James Slater, 266 tons, Peaterson, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Jas C Clifford, 338 tons, Sharpley, George Harriss, Son & Co.
B I Hazzard, 372 tons, DeBuhr, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Nellie Floyd, 457 tons, Neilsen, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1 bale cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—34 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 17 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar, 60 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—12 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel rosin, 35 barrels tar.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—21 casks spirits turpentine, 93 barrels rosin, 1 barrel tar, 46 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Driver—16 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels rosin, 13 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—52 casks spirits turentine, 36 barrels rosin, 28 barrels tar.

Larkin's flat—5 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 35 bales; spirits turpentine, 110 casks; rosin, 148 barrels; tar, 95 barrels; crude turpentine, 162 barrels.

63 1-2 Steps

EAST from the corner of Front, and WEST from corner second and Princess streets will take you to

MERCER & EVANS CO.

DEPARTMENT STORES,

Where the public have found; are still finding and will continue to find the BEST GOODS for the LEAST MONEY, any where to be found. A comparison will convince.

Shoes Our Specialty.

Bell 'Phone 361. jap 28 tf

New Goods in Stock

and to arrive.

Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Grits, Meal,

Molasses Canned Goods.

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,

STRAIGHT FLOUR,

WHEAT BRAN, &c., &c,

Special attention given to consignments. Your orders appreciated.

S. P. McNAIR.

my 21 tf

NEWS AND OPINIONS

of

National Importance.

THE SUN

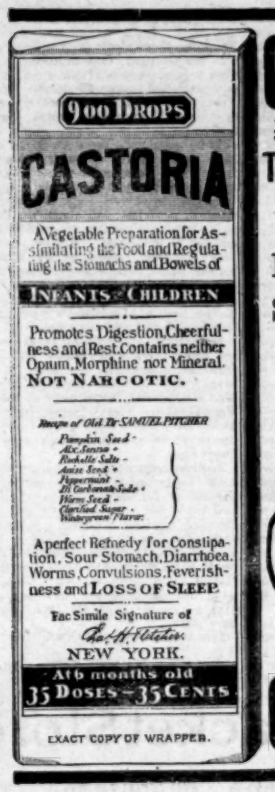
ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH,

Daily, by mail,

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHAT DOES LITTLE WILLIE SEE THROUGH THE KEYHOLE?



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

"CHAMPION REFRIGERATORS."

"DOMESTIC" ICE CHESTS.

We now have one of the best Refrigerators that is made, and at such prices as will put them in reach of every one.

A poor Refrigerator and Ice Chest is about the most worthless thing you can possibly have. Come and examine ours.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
je 6 tf Purcell Building.

If You would Buy a

Columbus Buggy Co.'s Buggy,

Either Top or Open, at your own price, come and see us.

The S. P. Cowan Livery Co.

'Phone 15. 108, 110, 112, North Second Street.
my 16 tf

LANDING A MAN FISH.

Half a dozen men were talking trout in one of the up town hotels after a shad supper the other night. One of the party told of a three pound fish that he landed with a five ounce rod last summer, and another of a seven pound blackfish caught with a similar rod by a well known newspaper man off the Great Kills, Staten Island, last summer. He was fishing for snappers (bluefish fry) and, hooking a blackfish in shallow water, went an old sunken wreck that lies there, fought it for over an hour and landed it. So the fish stories, true and otherwise, went on. Finally one of the party, a gunner, said, with a laugh:

"To hear you fellows talk one would think a six ounce trout pole and single leader would land a shark. Now, dust shot will not kill an eagle, though it may blind him, and I am a little skeptical about these fish stories."

The best fisherman of the party replied: "Well, you are a pretty good swimmer. I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll bet you a suit of clothes that if you will play the fish, with an ordinary trout line attached to a swivel between your shoulders, I, with a six ounce pole, will land you and bring you to bag."

The bet was accepted, and a few days later the contest came off in one of the swimming baths of New York city.

A piece of ribbon was passed in a loop over each shoulder of the man fish and fastened between the shoulders to a fair sized swivel, to which was attached a 37 strand English woven silk line, which was reeled on an ordinary 5½ ounce trout rod. The fisherman stood on the diving platform, rod in hand, with the line rather slack, and the fish stood half way down the bath. The fish was to take a header, and this was to constitute the strike of the fish. The victory was to be decided by the swimmer reaching the end of the bath or the fisherman towing him within reach of the landing net twice out of three tries.

The signal given, in dived the fish and the fisherman gave him all the line he wanted until his head appeared, and then put on a little strain, which turned the swimmer slightly sidewise. The fish, not perceiving this for a second, struck out strongly for the end of the bath, but the strain, slight as it was, turned him more and more around, and, turning his head to look, he lost ground for a breath and was hauled over on his back. For an unincumbered swimmer to turn on to his chest from his back is very easy, but with that pull between the shoulders it is a very difficult matter. As a finger under the chin will hold a swimmer up when learning, so that touch of a finger on the line towed the swimmer half way down the bath before he could get the line slack and turn again. By that time he was nearly out of breath, and still the trifling strain held him just enough to impede him without stopping him.

Slowly and steadily he moved ahead, combating the side strain this time by increased exertion of the left arm, and seemed in a fair way of making the goal, when, zip, the point of the rod swung over, and, aided by the strong sweep of the left arm, the strain caught the fish as if the butt had been given, and round he came again on his chest. A mad plunge to break the line resulted only in a loss of ten feet of line, but the swimmer secured his turn and again set his face for the end. Moving the point of the rod to the left, to the right, raising it, sinking it, catching the man fish wherever he showed a weak spot, the wily angler played him right across the open space, and within ten feet of the end, and then, gauging the moment, he gave him the butt, and snap went the line, and the fish struck home. One leg of the three for the fish. Time, 7¼ minutes.

The fish had a good rub down, a hot lemonade and a rest of half an hour, and then a fresh start was made. This time the angler was more at home. Carefully handling the fish, he caught him rising from the bottom and promptly turned him on his back in a way that surprised him, and as the fish plunged to the bottom to try to break the line again (this being the equivalent of sparring for wind), another round turn brought him to within 12 feet of the fisherman, and, struggle as he might, he could not get away. Plunge after plunge was of no avail and only prevented further reeling in, until finally a lucky turn brought the fish over, and he was promptly reeled in before he could get on his chest again. Time, 4 minutes. Leg and leg.

Another rest was taken, and now the fisherman wanted to back himself at five to one for the last leg, but not even the fish seemed inclined to take him. This time the fish dressed himself and rested an hour, walking around, and before going in taking a strong, tough rub. This time a curious thing occurred. As he dived in his foot slipped, and he struck the water sidewise. The angler had him on his back under the water the next moment, and if he had persisted in reeling him up would possibly have drowned him, so helpless was the fish. Amid laughter he let up, and the fish was allowed to land and start again. This time a successful header was taken and a strong fight made. Swimming solely with the side stroke, the fish could see all the movements of the angler and so forged ahead until the downward stroke of his right arm swept the bottom at the shallow end of the bath. Feeling the shallow, with victory within reach, the fish turned his head, and that moment the butt was given him, his feet were swung aside and under, and before he knew what had occurred he was in the center of the bath again. Once more he tried the side stroke, but he was fast tiring, and the varying strain of the line, now to the right, now to the left, soon put the issue beyond doubt, and he was towed within reach of the net in 7 1-3 minutes. The swimmer said he was more tired than if he had swum a couple of miles in open water and is inclined to believe any fish story told him during the present season.—Exchange.

Official Crop Returns.

The August report of the government statistician shows the following averages of condition upon Aug. 1: Corn, 87.5; spring wheat, 56.4; oats, 85; barley, 71.6; spring rye, 76; buckwheat, 87.9; potatoes, 88.2; timothy hay, 79.9.

The average condition of corn declined two points during July, and on Aug. 1 it was 2.4 points lower than at the corresponding date last year, but .5 point higher than on Aug. 1, 1898, and 1.3 points above the mean of August averages for the last ten years. The conditions in the principal states are as follows: Ohio and Indiana, 98; Illinois, 96; Iowa, 105; Missouri, 99; Kansas, 77, and Nebraska, 85. During July there was an improvement of 8 points in Ohio, 9 in Indiana, 4 in Illinois and 3 in Iowa. On the other hand, there was a decline of 2 points in Missouri, 8 in Nebraska and 22 in Kansas.

The average condition of spring wheat improved 1.2 points during July, but on Aug. 1 it was 27.2 points lower than at the corresponding date last year, 40.1 points lower than on Aug. 1, 1898, and 27.8 points below the mean of the August average for the last ten years. The conditions in the principal states are as follows: Minnesota, 58; North Dakota, 25; South Dakota, 49; Nebraska, 64; Iowa, 91. During July there was an improvement of 10 points in Minnesota, 5 points in South Dakota and 1 point in Iowa. On the other hand, there was a decline of 5 points in North Dakota and of 2 points in Nebraska.

The average condition of oats declined .5 point during July, and on Aug. 1 it was 5.8 points lower than at the corresponding date last year, but .8 point higher than on Aug. 1, 1898, and 2.7 points above the mean of the August averages for the last ten years. The conditions in the principal states are as follows: New York, 84; Pennsylvania, 82; Ohio, 93; Michigan, 101; Indiana, 94; Illinois, 97; Wisconsin, 77; Minnesota, 57; Iowa, 90; Missouri, 100; Kansas, 87, and Nebraska, 78.

A DISMAL FAILURE.

The Last Joke He Tried to Play on His Dear Wife.

"I don't think I'll try any more practical jokes on my wife. They don't pan out well."

"Elucidate."

"You see, she has a habit of hoisting the window in our room every night. As I usually go to bed last, she depends on me to hoist it. Sometimes I forget it, and then there's a wild squabble. Frequently she wakes me up in the night and asks me to see if it is open. If I don't she nags at me until morning. A night or two ago I resolved to give her a hard scare. I rolled up a lot of old newspapers into a long bundle and laid the package down by the window. Of course she was asleep and didn't hear me. Then I opened the window a little ways and crept into bed. Some time after midnight she nudged me and said: 'Jim, I'm sure you didn't open that window. It's like a lake oven in the room. Get up and see.' So I got up, went to the window and threw the sash as high as it would go. As I did so I gave a little shriek and then flung my bundle down to the walk below. It struck with a dull thud, and I dodged behind the curtain to await developments. The room was very dark, and I couldn't see my wife, but I heard her raise herself to a sitting posture. Then she spoke. 'Poor old Jim,' she quietly said. 'he's tumbled out of the window in his raggedest nightshirt. What a spectacle he'll be when they find him in the morning!' Then she lay down again and went to sleep."

"What did you do?"

"Stood there like a fool for a minute or two and then sneaked into bed."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

How He Broke It.

An irascible old gentleman had met in early life with an accident which left him with a broken nose, a deformity about which he was known to be a little sensitive.

One day a new inquirer propounded the old question, "How did you manage to break your nose?"

The old gentleman answered solemnly, "To tell the truth, my friend, the accident was caused by my poking it into other people's business."—London Answers.

Nordica's Recipe For Success.

"It is work, work, work, that makes success," she once exclaimed. "Work five minutes, and you will succeed five minutes' worth. But work five hours, and you will succeed five hours' worth."

"But," I said, "remember your natural gifts."

"Plenty have natural voices equal to mine," she answered, "plenty have talent equal to mine, but I have worked."—Saturday Evening Post.

A Dark Dress.

Smart Barrister—You say the evening wore on. What did it wear on that particular occasion?

Witness—The close of day, I presume.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. Geo. D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Headache, Backache, Fainting and Dizzy Spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly and run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN O'HARRA, Paris

nov 18 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

NOTICE.

FLOUR all grades, barrels and bags.
SUGAR and COFFEE.
CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE and SARDINES.
CANDY, in baskets and boxes.
CANNED GOODS, such as TOMATOES, PEACHES, CORN, OYSTERS, SALMON, etc.
MULLETS and MULLET ROE.
PEANUTS, Va., N. C., and Spanish.
TOBACCOS Plug and Smoking.

For sale low by

Williams Bros.

feb 21 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter.
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASH GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

Ice Cream

One Dollar Per Gallon.

Vanilla, Chocolate, Pineapple.

Palace Bakery in full blast.

ANDREW MAVRONICHOLS.

Candy Store—Bell 'Phone 346, Inter-State 191.
Palace Bakery—Bell 'Phone 261, Inter-State 25. my 12 tf

SUNNY SOUTH

Fifty Cents a Year — Less Than a Penny a Number

THE SOUTH'S LITERARY WEEKLY

Published at Atlanta, Ga.

After a career of more or less activity in the Southern field for over a quarter of a century The Sunny South has again become a weekly, better and more readable than at any time in its history. It contains serial stories from the best known authors the world over. It is devoted to Southern readers and Southern writers and is their own story paper. Short stories, sketches, incidents of war and of peace, anecdotes at home and afield, poems, ideas, fashions, hints for home keepers, everything of interest to old and young will appear in its excellent weekly make up.

The two great serials, "TRISTRAM OF BLENT," by ANTHONY HOPE (now in progress with full synopsis to cover former installments), and "Rosalynde's Lovers," by Maurice Thompson, to begin April 27th, will be read with absorbing interest throughout the whole South. This is your opportunity, and only 50 cents for a full year of it. Think of it! 50 cents.

Subscription price is only fifty cents a year. No agents' commission. The paper is its own best offer and argument to the subscriber. One sample copy free to you and to your six neighbors whose names and addresses you send on a postal card, provided you send at once. A club of five at 50 cents each, accompanied by the full amount $2.50 net to us, entitles the sender to The Sunny South a whole year free.

The Sunny South is your old friend in a new form, always improving, every issue to excel the last one. The South's literary paper is here at last. Order it to-day.

The Sunny South in combination with the greatest of all Southern Weekly NEWSPAPERS—The Atlanta Weekly Constitution—both for only $1.25 a year. Remit that amount to The Sunny South, and get these two great papers—One Literary; the other News.

Address all letters and remittances to

THE SUNNY SOUTH, ATLANTA, GA

THE SEASHORE HOTEL.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C

Opens for the Summer, June 1st, 1901.

We have added since last season SIXTY additional bed rooms, new ball room—3,200 square feet, 50 elegant bath rooms with individual sprinklers for ladies. No more delightful resort in the South.

Hotel being but a few yards from the water's edge renders it cool and comfortable at all times. No malaria, no mosquitoes, no flies. The finest bathing, boating and fishing along the Atlantic coast.

The cuisine will be thoroughly up to date, embracing everything in the way of delicacies in sea foods and choice edibles. Artesian water. Music the entire season by Professor Hollowbush's New York orchestra of seven pieces. Write for descriptive booklet, rates, etc. Address

JOE H. HINTON, Manager,
Wilmington, N. C.

my 10 tf

If You Want to Be—

STRICTLY IN IT AT THE SEASHORE THIS SUMMER

GET A PAIR OF CANVAS OXFORDS,

Men or Ladies' styles, all sizes.

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.

je 9 tf

Timely Advice.

If you are going for an outing don't fail to take along a KODAK and a supply of films, a Lawn Tennis Racket or Golf outfit. You will be sure to need them.

Summer Reading.

We have all the late Novels at publishers' prices, or you can read them in our popular "Circulating Library of Current Fiction." We rent them at 25 cents each.

C. W. YATES & CO.

je 9 tf

A Thousand Mothers'—

HEARTS MADE GLAD THIS WEEK BY LOOKING IN OUR WINDOW AT THE 50 CENTS DRIVES WE ARE OFFERING IN

SUMMER SHOES

For the dear children and themselves. If you don't see what you want in the window ask about them inside.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SON.

je 11 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.

Guarantees to its patrons the very best service and security consistent with conservative banking.

Depository for United States, State and City Funds.

Deals in Foreign Exchange.

Business intrusted to us will receive careful and prompt attention.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
apr 27 tf

Statement of the Condition of

The Atlantic National Bank

At the close of business April 24, 1901.

(Organized 1892.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 909,930 42	Capital Stock	$125,000 00
U. S. Bonds	218,900 00	Surplus, &c	129,830 86
Redemption	5,000.00	Circulation	55,100 00
Real Estate	10,000 00	Deposits	1,079,805 96
Cash on hand and in Banks	227,006 40		
Total	$1,389,736 82	Total	$1,389,736 82

Strong Bank. Liberal Treatment.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.
my 19 tf

The Wilmington Sewerage Co.

Has opened an office at No. 114 Princess street, in the building formerly occupied by the Gas Company. Full information as to the policy and purpose of the company will be cheerfully furnished. Contracts for sewer service will be entered into with all parties who may desire to connect with the new system upon its completion. No charge will be made for connection with the sewer, but the pipe will be laid by the company to the property line free of charge. Terms of sewer service will be made satisfactory in every case.

E. G. PARMELE,
my 21 1m tu fr Secretary

One Fine Horse,

One Fine Mule,

AT A BARGAIN.

Unfit for our heavy work on pavements, but capable of good service on Farm.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

ma 15 tf. Nutt and Mulberry

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

FLORIDA VESTIBULE LIMITED SAL INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:25 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:20 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:10 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:42 A. M., Pembroke 9:00 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 50 p m	7 25 a m
Ar Monroe	12 20 a m	9 05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10 01 a m
Ar Chester	1 45 a m	10 20 a m
Ar Greenwood	3 46 a m	12 22 p m
Ar Athens	6 28 a m	2 40 p m
Ar Atlanta	9 00 a m	5 35 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10 50 p m	7 20 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	10 35 a m
Ar Savannah	4 52 a m	1 47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9 15 a m	6 10 p m
Ar Tampa	5 40 p m	6 15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10 55 p m	8 00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 24 a m	10 37 a m
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	12 32 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7.00 a m	5.50 p m
Ar Norfolk		
Lv Hamlet	10 35 p m	8 00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 24 a m	10 37 a m
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	12 32 p m
Ar Petersburg	5 48 a m	2 45 p m
Ar Richmond	6 30 a m	3 31 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	7 07 p m
Ar Baltimore	11 25 a m	11 25 p m
Ar New York	4 25 p m	5 30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 51, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.10 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 36, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.10 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
ma 26 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, June 8
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, June 15

From Wilmington for New York.
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, June 8
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, June 15

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, June 11
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday June 18

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.

je 7 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COE'KELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents or sent by
The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.
TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY
WRITE US ABOUT IT

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The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect June 9, 1901.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.38 P. M., Richmond 7.32 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.00 P. M. Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.35 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 1.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.28 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 3.41 A. M., Richmond 3.29 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.25 A. M., New York 1.05 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.25 P. M., Denmark 8.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 30 A. M., Tampa 10 00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.40 A. M., Richmond 9.02 A. M., Petersburg 9.40 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.30 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 4.30 P. M. Warsaw 4.52 P. M., Magnolia 4.58 P. M.

DAILY 9.35 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.35 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M. Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7 45 P. M., †Norfolk 5.05 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.33 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 A. M., Sanford 3.30 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 12.05 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M., Columbia 6 40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.15 A. M

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M. P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 9.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.04 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M. Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.00 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.10 A. m., Weldon 11.35 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leave Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M. arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Wacham for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 7.45 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 10 P. M

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 12.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 2.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Kirod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday

Trains leave Sumter 4.22 P. M., Manning 5.08 P. M.; arrive Lane's 5.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.37 A. M., Manning 9 17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.51 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.30 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M

Leave Gibson daily except sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 3.45 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12 32 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 10.22 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.56 P. M., 11.30 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M. 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.02 A. M., Creston 4.51 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.46 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.20 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.09 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager
je 11 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 03	7 07	Morehead City	7 35	7 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 14.

CUBAN INDEPENDENCE.

Expected to be an Accomplished Fact by Next Christmas—An Electoral Bill the Next Step

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—It is expected at the War Department that Cuban independence will be an accomplished fact by next Christmas. The next step in order, now that the Platt amendment is adopted by the constitutional convention, is for that body to take up and pass an electoral bill which will provide for the election of all the officers necessary to set up an independent government in Cuba. It is said here that such a bill is already framed, and is ready for submission to the convention at any moment. There is good reason for the belief that Secretary Root has seen this bill, and has approved of its provisions if, indeed, he has not actually had to do with its construction. It is thought that the convention can dispose of this measure in a week or two, and that will complete the labors of the body. A period of ninety days, it is said here, must be allowed for publication of the electoral act before the necessary elections can be had.

It may be necessary to maintain some United States troops in Cuba after the new officials are inaugurated and until the Cubans have had time to set up a Cuban military force or gendarmes, but the length of this stay probably will depend upon the wishes of the Cubans themselves.

SATISFACTORY SHOWING.

Reports to Dun's Review From the Entire Cotton Belt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Dispatches to *Dun's Review* from the entire cotton belt make a most satisfactory showing. Unfavorable weather conditions during the opening weeks of the season injured much of the seed and made replanting necessary. This adds to the cost of the crop but does not prevent a full yield. There seems to be from five to ten per cent. increase in the acreage under cultivation and while damage undoubtedly has been severe in some sections, fairly good weather from now to the beginning of picking would insure an abundant yield. Excessive rain has made the growth of grass unusually rapid, and the scarcity of labor, together with large grain crops, makes it difficult and expensive to keep the fields in good condition. Injury from insects is light in most States, except for boll wevil in parts of Texas, and lice in regions where moisture has been exceptionally heavy. These pests are not as harmful as usual, however, and aside from the probable increase in cost, the planters have cause for gratification.

UNIVERSITY OF CHINA.

Charter Filed by the Board of Missions of the M. E. Church South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 13.—The charter of the Central University of China was filed to-day with the county egistrar. The charter is filed in accordance with the action of the board of missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, the incorporators being J. D. Hammond, James Atkins, J. H. Kirkland, W. R. Lambuth, of Nashville; A. W. Wilson and C. B. Galloway, of Mississippi. Under the provisions of the charter the incorporators are to found and establish and perpetually maintain in the province of Kiang Su, Empire of China, a university with associated schools and colleges, to be conducted under the auspices and in agreement with the approved and recognized evangelical standards of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

VALUE OF GOOD ROADS.

Hutchisson's Testimony Before the Industrial Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—D. P. Hutchinson, president of the board of trustees of Charlotte, N. C., testified today before the industrial commission, concerning the successful effort made by Charlotte to establish good roads in the surrounding country. He said that ninety miles of macadam road had been established at a probable cost of $250,000. Convict labor, he said, is used in constructing the road beds, as free labor would cost from 30 to 60 per cent. more. Mr. Hutchinson said that the saving in cost to rolling stock was more than equal to the cost of the roads and that the value of farming and other lands lying upon the improved highways has been enchanced 50 per cent. since the construction of the new roads.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Officers Elected by the Supreme Lodge in Session at Milwaukee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MILWAUKEE, WIS., June 13.—Election of officers was taken up to day by the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Honor, with the following results:

Supreme Dictator, D. S Biggs, of Boston, Mass.; Vice Dictator, former Governor J. C. Sheppard, of Edgefield, S. C.; Assistant Dictator, Clarke H. Johnson, of Providence, R. I.; Reporter, Noah M. Biggs, of Harrisonville, Mo.; Treasurer, Joseph W. Branch, of St. Louis, Mo.; Chaplain, Rev. Herbert M. Hope, of Richmond, Va.; Guide, John H. Hancock, of Louisville, Ky.; Guardian, William Grover, of Indianapolis; Sentinel, H. H. Collier, of Memphis.

Two dead and four injured was the result of a head-end collision on the Santa Fe railroad yesterday, six miles east of Williams, Arizona.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles, it is the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

EXCITEMENT AT SHREVEPORT, LA.

Armed Posses Are Scouring the Country for the Murderer of John G. Foster.

MANY NEGROES ARRESTED.

Suspected of Complicity in the Assassination—Guarded by Armed Men—Their Fate Uncertain—Murderer Will be Lynched If Caught.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SHREVEPORT, LA., June 13.—This city and vicinity have been in a state of excitement and unrest since yesterday when John Gray Foster, a prominent planter, was shot and killed by Prince Edwards, a negro employed on the Foster plantation, five miles east of this city. Armed posses of white men have been scouring the country for miles around in an attempt to capture Edwards. A dozen or more negroes are under arrest in Kennebew's store and their fate to-night is uncertain. Foster was widely known and very popular. He was a brother-in-law of Governor McMillin, of Tennessee, and belonged to one of the oldest families in this State.

There had been bad feeling for some time past between the negroes and overseers on the Foster plantation, and Foster was appealed to to settle the differences. The planter started for the plantation and upon reaching a negro cabin, he was fired upon and killed. There were a dozen or more negroes in the cabin, and they broke and ran in all directions. The overseers were quickly joined by white citizens and it was not long before all the negroes were arrested, a single exception being Prince Edwards, who did the shooting. Posses were quickly formed and started on a hunt for the negro, but as yet have made no further arrests.

Sensational Rumors.

There were many wild rumors afloat throughout the day, the most sensational being that the negroes in the Kennebew store were in imminent peril of being lynched. This rumor proved to be untrue, although many threats are heard against the prisoners. The store where the negroes are confined is guarded by a posse of twenty-five men armed with Winchester rifles, and unless sentiment changes the disposition to night would indicate that the majority if not all the prisoners will be let off with a thorough whipping. Edwards, if caught, will be burned or lynched.

There is much feeling against Prophet Smith and Edward Washington both of whom are under arrest. Smith is supposed to be at the bottom of all the trouble, while Washington is said to have enabled Edwards to escape.

SHREVEPORT, LA., June 13.—Governor Heard wired to night to Sheriff Ward, of Caddo parish, and Sheriff Thompson, of Bossier, instructing them to protect the negroes at all hazards. The Governor commanded these officers to call upon the citizens for aid if necessary, and promised help if the officers required it.

The attempt made to move the negroes from the Kennebews' store to Benton proved a failure. The guards and their prisoners had proceeded about a mile when darkness overtook them, and they decided to return their prisoners to the store. The negroes preferred to take their chances at Kennebews' place rather than face the danger of a mob on the way to Benton.

Shortly after midnight the guards again started for Benton with their prisoners. They hope to make the place by daylight and thus prevent a possible lynching. There is fear, however, that a mob will waylay the guards and take forcible possession of the negroes.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 13.—Governor McMillin and wife stopped in Memphis to day en route to Shreveport where Mrs. McMillin's brother was killed yesterday. Mrs. McMillin mourns deeply the loss of her brother and denied herself to all visitors through the day. The Governor and his wife left on an evening train for Shreveport.

Just before leaving, Governor McMillin said the family had received no details of the affair.

NEGOTIATIONS AT PEKIN.

Powers Not United On American Proposition to Refer Indemnity Question to The Hague Tribunal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The representatives of the European Powers interested in China were at the State Department to day, this being diplomatic day, and the general status of the negotiations at Pekin were gone over very fully with acting Secretary Hill. The chief interest centered in the pending American proposition that the indemnity complication be referred to The Hague tribunal. None of the governments has yet definitely announced its position as to this plan. But the prevailing sentiment among the callers seemed to be that a reference to The Hague will entail more delay. One of them remarked that it would mean at least another six months of negotiation. If the Russian government concurs in the suggestion, as has been reported, unofficially, it will add materially to the chances that this reference to The Hague will be made. On the other hand at least one of the continental Powers is thought to be quite strongly opposed to removing the negotiations from Pekin.

Germans at Shanghai.

The United States government has not protested, and does not intend to protest under present conditions, against the maintenance of a large German garrison at Shanghai, which appears to be attracting attention in England. The German government has been very frank with the United States in responding to our representations in the past and our government is content to place implicit confidence in the motives of Germany so far as the maintenance of a German force in Shanghai is concerned.

THE STRIKE IN SAVANNAH.

Only Two Non-Union Men at Work in the S. A. L. Shops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., June 13.—Only two non-union machinists are at work in the Seaboard shops. The strikers to day induced all the others to throw down their tools and go out. The number, while not large, practically stops work at the shops, though the superintendent says he can replace the men without difficulty. An extra force of police officers, armed and supplied with ball cartridges, remains on duty at the shops.

A TRAGEDY AT MONTREAL.

Mother and Son Shot—One Dead and the Other Dying—Woman Supposed to Have Been Deranged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTREAL, June 13.—Mrs. J. J. Redpath, one of Montreal's society leaders, is dead in her handsome residence on Sherbrooke street and her son, Clifford Redpath, is lying dead in Royal Victoria hospital with a bullet in his brain.

About 6 o'clock the household was startled by the noise of two revolver shots from Mrs. Redpath's room. On rushing in the servants found Mrs. Redpath and her son lying on the floor, both unconscious. Physicians were summoned, but Mrs. Redpath died in a few minutes. Her son was removed to the hospital in a dying condition. Mrs. Redpath had been ill for some time suffering greatly from insomnia. The surmise is that while temporarily mentally deranged Mrs. Redpath attempted to end her life and in attempting to prevent her the son was shot.

VIRGINIA'S CONVENTION.

A President Pro Tem. Chosen—An Address by Governor Taylor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA, June 13.—The second day's session of the constitutional convention was called to order at noon by President John Gode. Delegate Braxton, of Staunton, nominated Delegate William A. Anderson, of Rockbridge county, for President pro tem. of the convention and Mr. Anderson was chosen by acclamation.

Governor Taylor was then introduced to the convention, and addressed the body on the needs of Virginia, among which he included the bringing of people and money into the State.

Committees were appointed and the convention then took a recess until Tuesday.

There is a strong opposition to the suggestion that the convention adjourn to some other place than Richmond. It is possible, however, that after a full organization, including the appointment of standing committees, the body may take a recess until about the middle of October.

JOINED THE STRIKERS.

Men Sent to Charleston to Work in the Southern Railway Shops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 13.—Twenty-one machinists, boiler makers and blacksmiths arrived in the city this morning over the Southern Railway to take the places of the strikers in the Southern Railway machine shops, but a number of the men refused to work upon arrival and joined the strikers' party, who were about the yards and machine shops. The road, fearing trouble, telephoned for police assistance and a squad of men responded, but their services were not needed.

YELLOW FEVER.

Prevalence of the Disease Officially Reported On the Coast of Costa Rica.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—A report from Marine Hospital Surgeon Goodman, at Port Limon, Costa Rica, announces that no passengers are now being taken by the fruit companies there for Southern ports of the United States. An official report to the Costa Rican national authorities tells of the prevalence of yellow fever at Liberia, a city of 6,000 inhabitants, in the "Hot Lands" of the Pacific coast province of Guanacaste, Costa Rica. Communication between Liberia and San Jose, the western terminus of the railroad from Port Limon, fortunately is difficult.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.

Their Bodies Taken From a Water Hole Near Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, June 13.—Arthur Barkman, aged 19, Arthur Kalbleisch, aged 13, and Edward Sheets, aged 13, were taken dead from a water hole in Leonard's stone quarry. The three boys left home yesterday afternoon, accompanied by two dogs. When the dogs returned without the boys a search was made and the boys were traced to the quarry. Leonard's quarry is an old one, which has lain unworked for a long time. Its depths are usually filled with water, and it was a favorite swimming place.

WARM WIRELETS.

Heat and humidity caused seven deaths in Chicago yesterday.

Governor General MacArthur expects to leave Manila, July 1st, for the United States.

J. R. Boon, of Salem, Va., was elected supreme marshal and one of the supreme trustees of the Supreme Castle, Knights of the Mystic Chain. Norfolk is after the next convention.

Minister Lieshmann, at Constantinople, has reported to the State Deparment that he expects to effect a settlement of the American mission claims against Turkey in the immediate future.

Yesterday afternoon the Leyland Line steamer Assyrian, ashore off Cape Race, swung around on the rocks with the tug Petrel on the inside. Both are now in a very critical position. The Assyrian is pounding to pieces.

The Grand Lodge of Masons, Tacoma, Washington, have rescinded the resolution adopted two years ago recognizing negro Masonry. The action of the lodge at that time was severely criticised all over the United States.

A duel with swords was fought yesterday in Paris, France, between Gerault Richard, manager of the *Petite Republique*, and Max Regis, the anti Semite mayor of Algiers. The latter was wounded in the wrist.

The directors and stockholders of the Fort Worth and Rio Grande Railway Company voted to increase the capital stock of the company to $6,250,000. This increase is made to pay for an extension from Brownwood to San Antonio and to the Mexican border.

The schooner Czar, bound to Labrador with fishermen and their families, seventy persons altogether, was driven ashore on the north coast of New Foundland Sunday night. Four men were drowned and six others were injured, but the women and children were all landed safely.

Ten years ago Mrs. Otis Price, of Pana, Ill., attempted suicide by taking a large quantity of concentrated lye. Heroic efforts saved her life. Yesterday her sister-in-law, Mrs. Charles Price, committed suicide by taking arsenic. Mrs. Price says she will yet succeed in killing herself as she has nothing to live for.

THE WATERWAYS OF THE SOUTH.

Important Subjects Discussed at the Southern Industrial Convention.

PROPOSED ISTHMIAN CANAL.

Nicaragua Route Considered the Most Desirable and Economical—Illustrated Lecture On Improving Condition of Employes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.—The delegates to the Southern Industrial Convention to day considered the important questions of waterways and their relation to the improvement of the country's trade. An interesting discussion occurred on the value of an Isthmian canal, the opinion of the speakers being that the proposed Nicaragua canal would be the most desirable and economical channel between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. Hon. Sewall C. Cobb, of Pensacola, led the debate on this subject. The Mississippi river and its tributaries was also discussed, the speakers giving reasons why the waterways of the South should be developed and utilized.

J. B. Gibson, of Birmingham, read a paper on iron and steel manufacture in the South, detailing the development of the industry and showing the benefits to investors and manufacturers.

The first speaker at to-night's session was Dr. William T. Tolman, director of the industrial betterment department of the league for social service. He delivered an illustrated lecture on movements for improving the condition of the employed. Dr. Tolman asserted that where special effort has been made by the employer to uplift and improve the condition of his employes, it has resulted in actual monetary benefit. He said the transportation companies of the country have done more than is generally known in the direction of applying the new industrial idea through the medium of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian Association.

W. H. Council, president of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, of Normal, Ala., spoke on industrial education and its relation to race development. Council said he had been a slave boy and his experienced at that time caused him to vow that he would, at some time, devote himself to the work of uplifting the colored race. He asserted the solution of the race problem was neither in the question of franchise nor education, but rather in a proper understanding between the white people and the negroes.

An interesting incident of the session was the presentation by General W. W. H. Davis, of Doylestown, Pa., of a captured Confederate flag to the South Carolina delegation.

WOMAN MURDERED.

Husband Believed to Have Killed Her in a Fit of Jealousy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, June 13.—The mystery concerning the disappearance from this city of Margaret Blondin, wife of J. W. Blondin, remains unsolved. Her headless body was found near Chelmsford and identified by her sister. The head was hid near by. The theory has been that the husband committed the murder in a fit of jealousy.

J. D. Rockefeller and his associates have secured control of the American Linseed Oil Company. The Union Lead and Oil Company will cooperate with the Rockefeller party.

SOME SURE THINGS.

Bets to Be Avoided by Those Who Never Tried the Feats.

Bets to be avoided by those who are cocksure they can do all things are those relating to athletic feats. It would seem that a good runner could easily give a start of 50 yards in 100 to a man who was doing the 50 yards by hopping on one leg. But few runners, if any, can afford to give that amount of start to any man who is at all strong on his legs. For the first five yards or so they go at practically the same pace, so that to run 95 yards while his opponent is hopping 45 he has to go more than twice as fast, and it is a weak man indeed who cannot hop 50 yards in ten seconds.

An ordinary wooden match is easily broken in the fingers, but, although there are many who will bet they can do it, none succeed in accomplishing the task if the match is laid across the nail of the middle finger of either hand and pressed upon by the first and third fingers of that hand, despite its seeming so easy at first sight.

No one can crush an egg placed lengthwise between his clasped hands—that is, if the egg be sound and has the ordinary shell of a hen's egg.

It is safe to bet a man that he cannot get out of a chair without bending his body forward or putting his feet under it, if he is sitting on it, not at the edge of it.

Another equally certain wager is that a man cannot stand at the side of a room with both of his feet touching the wainscoting lengthwise.

It is safe to bet any man save one who is blind, that he cannot stand for five minutes without moving if he is blindfolded.

The Original Seven Wonders.

None of the original seven wonders of the world remains, except the great pyramid of Egypt. The tomb of Mausolus, king of Caria, built about 350 B. C., was destroyed before 1400 A. D. The third wonder, the temple of Diana at Ephesus, was built 552 B. C. and was destroyed 356 B. C. The fourth wonder, the walls and terraces of Babylon, were erected about 570 B. C. They decayed gradually after Babylon had ceased to be the capital of the Assyrian empire. The Colossus of Rhodes, erected in 288 B. C., stood 64 years, was destroyed by an earthquake and lay in ruins for nearly 900 years, until a Jew bought it and took it on 900 camels to Alexandria. The statue of Zeus at Olympus was made 437-433 B. C., was removed to Constantinople and was destroyed by fire 475 A. D. The Pharos at Alexandria was built about 283 B. C. and was destroyed by an earthquake about 1300-1400 A. D.

Many a Mickle Makes a Muckle.

Many men of small income spend 5, 10 or 20 cents a day for drinks, cigars or other unnecessary things. Five cents a day saved and at the end of each year put to interest at 5 per cent would at the end of ten years amount to $205.50; 20 years, $560; 25 years, $815. Ten cents a day so treated would in the same periods respectively amount to $406, $1,120, $1,630. Twenty cents a day would amount to $810, $2,240 and $3,260.

Registered by U. S. Patent Office.

BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VIRGINIA

These Springs are open for guests from June 15 to October 1.

They are approached from all directions by the Southern Railway System.

By recent purchase the proprietor of these springs has acquired a spring of remarkable boldness of **Chlorinated Lithia** Water. The old springs contain the **Carbonate of Lithia.** The invalid can take his choice. The celebrated Dr. Thomas H. Buckler, of Paris, suggestor of Lithia as a solvent for Uric Acid, says; "Lithia is in no form so valuable as the **carbonate,** the form in which it is found in Buffalo Lithia Water," referring to the old Buffalo Lithia Springs.

Springs pamphlets sent on request.

THOMAS F. GOODE, *Proprietor.*

A. W. ARCHER, *Manager.*

je 14 12t fr su We

TO DIE TO-DAY.

Five Negro Murderers Will be Hanged at Sylvania, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SYLVANIA, Ga., June 13.—The five negroes condemned to die to-morrow for the murder of Herrington and Mears, will be executed at 1 o'clock from the same scaffold. Rumors have reached here from different parts of the county that the negroes will attempt a rescue to-night or to-morrow, but there is nothing in confirmation of this report. The local company of militia is in readiness, under instructions from Governor Candler, to respond to any call from the sheriff.

A. J. Balfour, the government leader, answering a question in the British House of Commons, said there was no foundation for the rumors afloat of peace negotiations with the Boers. The Boer strength in the field was estimated to be 17,000 men.

BUSINESS LOCALS

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted, $50 to $60. Liberal interest. Good security. Address X, care STAR Office. je 14 1t

Well, we are not giving away balls and bats, but we are giving the best show on the road for ten cents. If you don't believe it just come and see Butt's Panorama and Edison's Projectiscope, with Mrs. Nation, and Queen Victoria's funeral procession. Benefit Organ Fund Grace M. E. Church, North Fifth street, near Walnut. Admission only one dime. je 14 3t

We are again making our popular Summer Souvenir Photographs. Will make them every day this week for benefit of teachers. After this week on Wednesday and Saturday only. Price $2.00 per dozen. Call and see them. Taylor's Studio, 104 Princess street. je 13 tf

Black River Shippers—Don't mistake the boat. Steamer Cressy leaves foot of Dock street Tuesdays and Fridays. Takes your freight and passengers at old time rate. All points between Wilmington and Mill Creek. T. H. Hawkins, owner. je 12 3t*

For Rent—A nice Unfurnished Room, centrally located; two blocks from Postoffice. Address C, care STAR office. je 11 4t

Centrally Located—Our Store is convenient for the wholesale purchasers. Call and leave your packages. We take care of them free of charge and show you a nice up to date line. Groceries, drugs, woodware and job tobacco. Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. T. D. Love, 110 North Water street. je 1 tf

For Sale—Business location on Cape Fear river known as White Hall. Property includes twenty acres of Land, Ferry, Turpentine Still and fixtures, Grist and Saw Mill, and Cotton Gin and Press, Store House and Dwelling. Apply to The Worth Co. Wilmington, N. C. my 14 tf

Cut Prices on Gipsy, Hammer, J. Q. S., Tailor Made, Pigeon, Legal Tender, Ripe Apple, Bouquet Tobacco's. Best Porto Rico Molasses, Fall Candies, Toilet Soaps, Drugs, Extracts, Paper Sacks and Twine. Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Tuesdays. Call or write T. D Love, P. O. Box 345. my 2 tf

Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The best of their breed. For sale L. L. seller, city. ap 4 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. S. Harriss, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. M. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 599. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C. and Horry and Marion S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons' Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 5 tf

GERMANIA,

Portland Cement.

Hoffman, Rosindale Cement.

Bagging and Ties, Molasses,

Domestic and Imported

Salt, Grain, Lime, Hay, Nails.

The Worth Co.

my 14 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after June 3rd, 1901, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6 30 A. M.	7 45 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	11 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	3 45 P. M.
5 10 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 30 P. M.	10 30 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
10 10 A. M.	11 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 30 P. M.	9 00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday on account of Hotel and Club House dances extra train will leave Wilmington 11 P. M., the Beach at 12 P. M. Freight will be carried only on the 10 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains, except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and Freight Prepaid. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

je 1 tf

Election Notice.

In accordance with the laws of 1901 entitled An Act to Issue Bonds for road improvement in New Hanover County, an election will be held Tuesday, June 18th, 1901, and the question submitted as follows:

"Shall New Hanover County, North Carolina, issue fifty thousand dollars of its bonds, with interest coupons attached, to repair, make and improve the public roads in said county."

The ballots tendered and cast by the qualified electors shall have written or printed upon them "For good roads or against good roads."

All qualified electors who favor the issue of said bonds shall vote "for good roads." All qualified voters who are opposed to the issue of said bonds shall vote "against good roads."

An entire new registration is required for said election.

Registration books will be opened May 16th and remain open till June 7th inclusive, at the voting places in the regular election precincts as follows:

First Ward—1st Division—Polling place adjoining Mavronichols' store, on Fourth between Hanover and Brunswick streets. Registrar—F. T. Skipper. Poll holders—J. D. Doscher and Geo. Bland.

First Ward—2nd Division—Polling place Otterson's store northeast corner Fifth and Harnett streets. Registrar—J. A. Barnes. Poll holders—T. B. Carroll and Martin Rathgen.

First Ward—3rd Division—Polling place Hose Reel house near Fourth street bridge. Registrar—W. A. Wright. Poll holders—J. T. McIver, Geo. Hewlett.

Second Ward—Polling place Old Court House. Registrar—A. J. Hill. Poll holders—R. W. Wallace, S. P. Collier.

Third Ward—Polling place near southwest corner Eighth and Princess streets. Registrar—A. G. Hankins. Poll holders—Walker Meares, Geo. P. Cotchett.

Fourth Ward—Polling place Worth's Ice house, on Dock between Front and Water streets. Registrar—J. R. Davis. Poll holders—T. G. Pickett, W. J. Bellamy.

Fifth Ward—1st Division—Polling place, Hook and Ladder House on Fifth, near Castle street. Registrar—R. H. McKoy. Poll holders—J. M. Branch and Fred Griffith.

Fifth Ward—2nd Division—Polling place, Engine House, corner Sixth and Castle streets. Registrar—J. D. H. Kiander. Poll holders—J. M. McGowan and H. A. Decover.

Cape Fear Township—Polling place, Blossom's Store, at Castle Haynes. Registrar—R. W. Bordeau. Poll holders—C. H. Casteen and T. J. Belcher.

Masonboro Township—Polling place, Township House. Registrar—D. J. Fergus. Poll holders—Chas. W. Bishop and Jno. G. Wagner.

Federal Point Township—Polling place, Capps' Store. Registrar—F. D. Capps. Poll holders—Jno. Keyes and Hill Williams.

Harnett Township—1st Division—Polling place, Delgado Store. Registrar—J. D. Woody. Poll holders—R. B Moore and D. T. O'Brien.

Second Division—Polling place, Township House, near 7 mile post Registrar—Garrett Walker. Poll holders—C. H. Alexander and Robt. Parker.

D. McEACHERN, Chairman.

By order of Board County Commissioners.

ma 7 18 jn

Carriage Repository.

Sales and Exchange Stables. Buggies, Phætons and Traps. Also Harness of every description. Harness Repairing a specialty. Stylish Horses and Mules to suit all classes of buyers. Give me your patronage.

F. T. MILLS.

je 8 tf

50 Bbls. Large Mullets.

50 Barrels Medium Mullets.
100 Bags Green Coffee
1 Car A1 Straight Flour.
200 Boxes Damaged Tobacco.
200 Boxes Sound Tobacco.
25,000 Cigars, retail at 5c.
20,000 Cigars, retail 2 for 5c.
40,000 Cheroots.
100 Boxes Soap.
100 Cases Lye.
50 Cases Oysters.
100 Cases Pie Peaches.
25 Cases Table Peaches.
50 Packets Rice.
25 Barrels Cider.
50 Barrels Vinegar.

These Goods for sale at prices to suit the times.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

18 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

apr 5 tf

Mortgage Sale!

By virtue of the power of sale in a certain Deed of Mortgage executed to the North Carolina Home Building Association by J. W Mills and wife, Mary E. Mills, on the 29th day of March, 1898, and duly recorded in Book 92, pages 526 et seq., of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash at public auction at the Court House door of New Hanover County on Monday, June 17th, 1901, at 12 o'clock M., the following described property situate in the city of Wilmington, N. C. Beginning at a point in the Northwestern intersection of 9th and Wooster streets, runs thence West with Northern line of Wooster street 180 feet, thence North and parallel with Ninth street 66 feet, thence East and parallel with Wooster street, 180 feet to Ninth street, thence south with Western line of Ninth street 66 feet to the beginning. Being part of lot No. 6, Block 66 This 14th day of May, 1901.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

Bellamy & Peschau, Att'ys. my 20t

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

je 6 tf

Wheat Bran.

1 Car load Wheat Bran.
1,900 Bushels White Corn.
2,800 Bushels Mixed Corn.
1,200 Bushels Virginia Meal,

and all other goods usually kept in a grocery Store.

D. L. CORE CO.

120, 122 and 124 North Water Street.

je 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

CASH ALL GONE!

So it will be if you are foolish enough to place your money in the ordinary office safe.

Our Savings Bank provides an absolutely safe place for your money and pays you interest for the same at rate of 4 per cent., compounded quarterly.

You can open an account with us as low as twenty five cents.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co., 108 Princess Street.

J. W. Norwood, Pres. H. Walters, Vice Pres. je 14 tf C. E. Taylor, Jr., Cashier.

Housekeepers' Supplies

PARTIES MOVING TO THE BEACH FOR THE SUMMER OR WHO ARE RENOVATING THEIR HOMES CAN FIND THE THINGS THEY NEED IN

Furnishing Goods at The Racket Store.

We have just received 70 rolls new Matting for 10, 15, 18, 20 and 25c per yard; 100 remnants in Matting, worth from 18 to 25c, all now from 10 to 12½c by the piece. Mosquito Canopies with frames, ropes and pulleys complete at $1 25 and $1.50. One hundred yards fine Bobinet for netting, 90 inches wide for 50c per yard. A big line of Swiss Curtains from 50c to $1.50 a pair. Hearth Brooms at 10c each Carpet Brooms at 15, 20 and 25c. Silverware—Knives, Forks and Spoons—Knives 75c per set, Forks 50c, Teaspoons 25c, Tablespoons 25c set of three. White Metal Spoons for 10c set. Crockeryware—Fine Iron Stone China Cups and Saucers, full size, for 40c a set. Decorated Cups and Saucers, fine China, at 50c a set. Dinner Plates and Soup Plates for 50c a set. A big line of Tinware of all kinds in our 5 and 10c department. Window Shades, spring rollers and fixtures, 3x6 Opaque Linen, at 25c each; 3x7 for 35c each; 3x9 for 50c each. Ready-hemmed Sheets, full size, for 55 and 75c each. Pillow Cases at 10 and 15c each. Table Linen, Bleached Damask, at 23c a yard; 62 inch wide, all Linen Damask, at 50c; 66 inch Damask at 68c a yard; 70 inch fine Damask at 75c a yard, marked down from 85c. A job lot Colored Table Damask 50c goods for 25c per yard; fine Turkey Red Damask at 50c a yard. A big line of Towels 42 inches long for 10c. A line of fine 25 and 35c Towels for 22½c. Linen napkins by the dozen, from 50c, 65c, 75c and up to $1.50 per dozen. Matting and carpet tacks, 3 and 6c papers for 5c. Tack hammers at 5c each.

A big line of new white goods received to day. Open-work Lace Lawn for 7c, regular 10c quality, 18c quality for 2½c. Heavy Pique for skirts worth 25c, special at 15c. Fine Summer dress goods in double silk twill at 48c per yard. India Linen and Lawns. We have these goods any price from 5 to 25c per yard. One thousand navy blue organdies special this week at 8c per yard, fast color, 30 inches wide. Forty inch white lawn, worth 10, now 8c a yard. Impression Scotch Lawn, fast color, at 5c per yard. A big line of shirt waist ginghams for 8, 10 and 12½c per yard. Hosiery—Ladies' Lace Work Hose with seamless heels and toes at 10c and 15c a pair.

Ladies' imported lisle thread lace work hose at 25c, regular price 35c a pair. Infants' socks in white and colored at 10c a pair. Ribbed top fast black hose for Ladies at 10c a pair. Ladies' black, white and cream hose at 5c a pair. Men's black, tan and fancy hose at 10c and up to 25c a pair. A big line of Children's hose, from size 5 to 9½ at 5 and 10c a pair.

Remember, in Clothing Department we have Boys' and Men's Clothing from the cheapest to the best. Men's black, clay finished Suits at $2.25. Men's all-wool Serge Suits at $5.00. Youths' long Pants Serge Suits at $4.50. We have Boys Suits from 50c up to $4.50 per Suit, from 4 to 16 years old.

Ladies, remember our Large Millinery Department. Just received, a big line of Ladies' white hats. Boys and Girls' canvas and duck hats. A big line of new ribbons, all colors, and new flowers and foliage. Our Five and Ten Cents Department is now ready to be shown and Ladies needing House Furnishing can buy them of us at the right prices. We are still giving away presents with cash purchases.

Come and bring your Card and get it punched.

Agent for McCall's Patterns at 10 and 15c.

The Big Racket Store

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROPRIETOR,

208 and 210 North Front Street.

je 9 tf

J. H. REHDER & CO.

New Spring and Summer Clothing.

Our Stock comprises all the new and seasonable Goods to be found in the market. The entire lot of Boys', Youth's and Men's Clothing is made especially for us by the most competent cutters and trimmers. Men's correct style Sack Suits, in plain and fancies, at $5 00, $7 50 $8 50 and $ 0 00, are great values. Big selection. Office and odd Summer Coats in Alpacas and Blue Serges. White Duck Pants and White Vests reduced to 50c. Boys' Knee Suits, all styles, 75c to $5 00. Children's Crash Suits, all colors, 48c up. Boys' Linen Pants 25c beautiful line Vestees and Blouses.

A SUMMER SNAP It is to supply your wants from our line of cool, light and handsome Footwear. Many scarcely know what to take when we show so many pretty styles in Vetera Calf, Vici Kid, Tan and Patent Leather in the celebrated

"Crawford Shoe."

Our Stock of Cool Summer Underwear for Boys and Men

Was never more complete. Good idea to come to the Big Store.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. Bell Phone 114. Inter State 218.

je 9 tf

Bear In Mind

That money deposited with the People's Savings Bank before July 1st draws 4 per cent. per annum, from that date, payable in three